INNOVATIONS IN SERVICE DELIVERY

PRIMARY CARE CENTERED INTEGRATED HEALTH CARE MODELS



Opportunities and challenges for the Estonian health system to address chronic diseases

INTEGRATION OF CARE AROUND THE WORLD





INTEGRATION ACROSS THE CARE CONTINUUM

Prevention

GPs and specialist care

Hospital care

Rehabilitation

Long term care



INTEGRATION ACROSS THE CARE CONTINUUM

Prevention

GPs and specialist care

Hospital care

Rehabilitation

Long term care

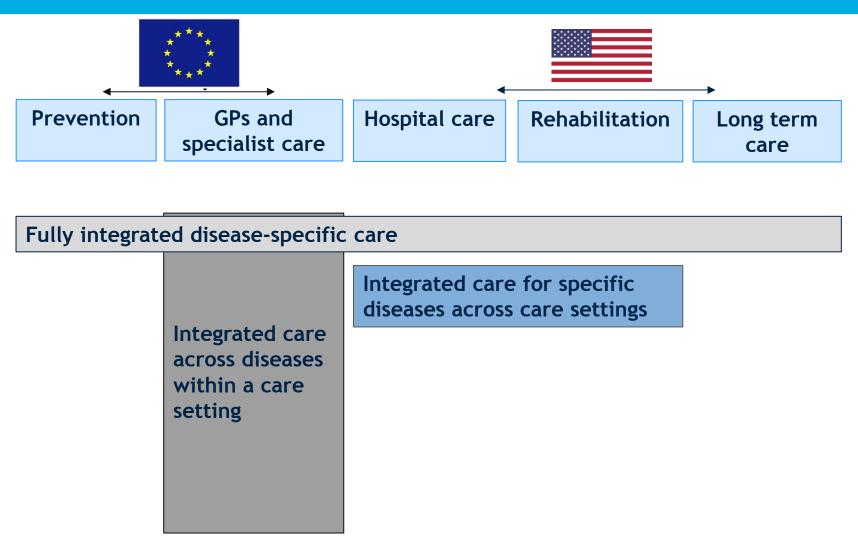
Fully integrated disease-specific care

Integrated care across diseases within a care setting

Integrated care for specific diseases across care settings



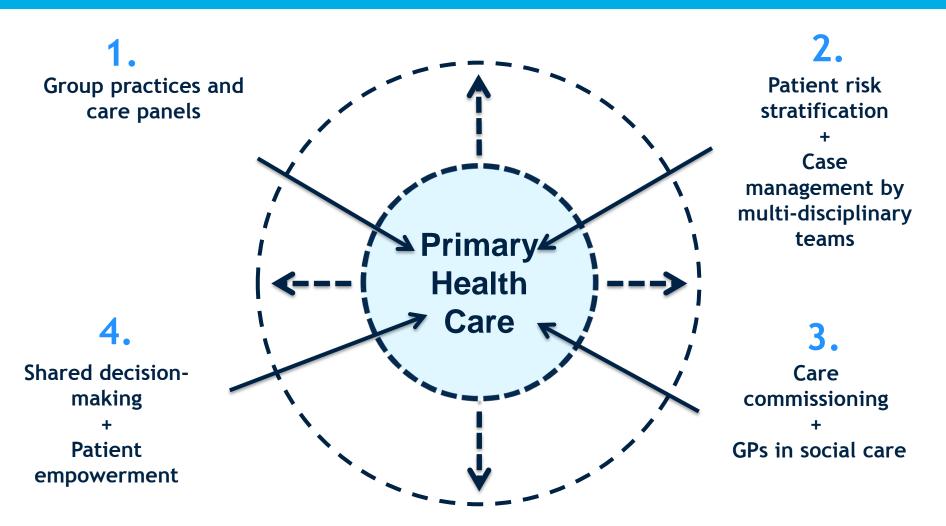
INTEGRATION ACROSS THE CARE CONTINUUM



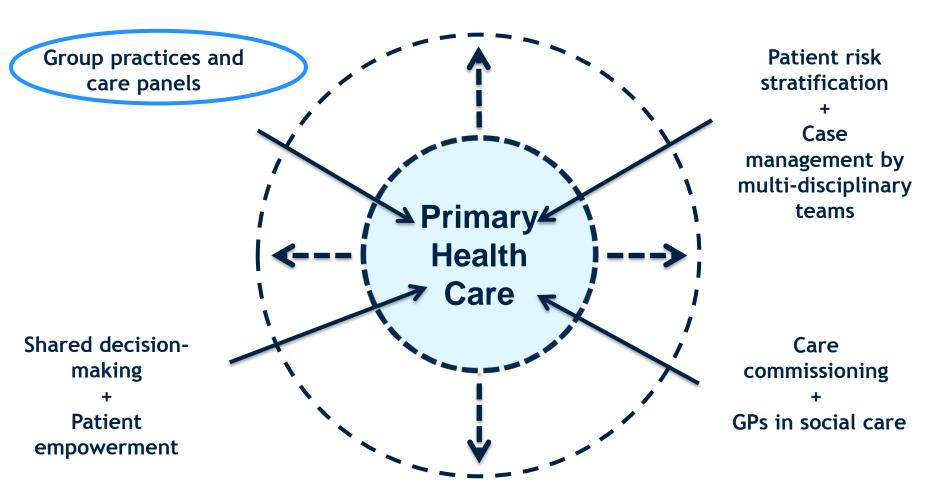
THE IMPORTANCE OF PRIMARY CARE

- Primary care is the first point of contact and entry to health care system.
- By its very nature, primary care is holistic, concerned with all the health circumstances and needs of the patient.
- There are three elements to primary care centered integrated care (for which there is also increasing evidence): i) improved outcomes, ii) improved efficiency, and iii) improved patient involvement and levels of satisfaction.



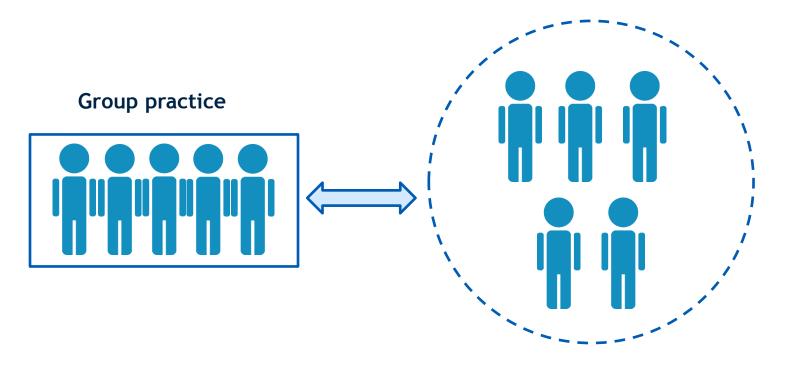






PRIMARY CARE PANELS

Panel: virtual association of solo or smaller group practices

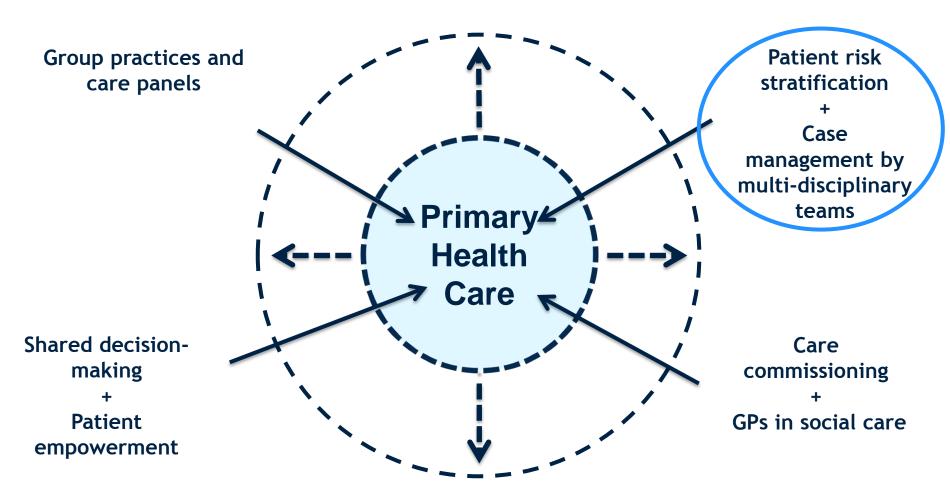




PRIMARY CARE PANELS

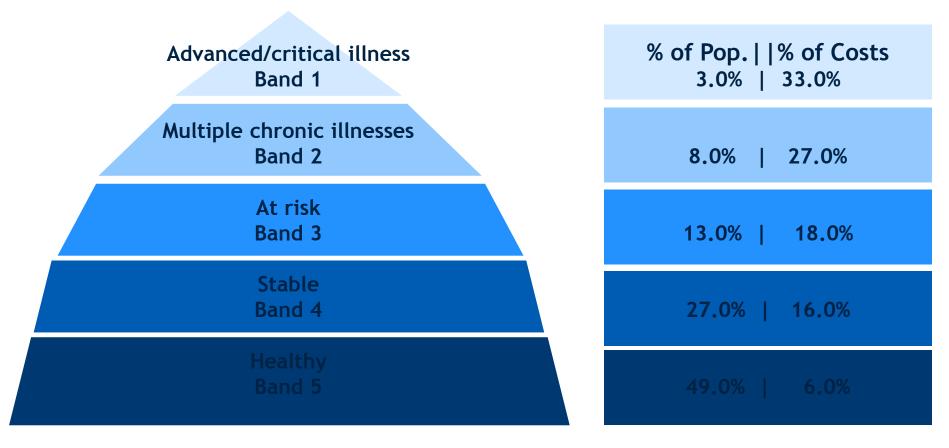
- Creating panels allows for large enough cohorts of patients to pool experiences necessary to see patterns and trends in cost and quality.
- Greater prospect for peer consultation regarding treatment alternatives and specialist choices for particular conditions, diagnoses or treatments.
- Allows for peer learning and review to help achieve cost and quality targets associated with a financial incentive.
- Allows for extended office access and continuity of care (e.g. after-hours care: Physicians within a panel look after each other's patients on outof-hours schedules).







PATIENT RISK STRATIFICATION



Source: CareFirst USA - Illness Burden Pyramide 2012

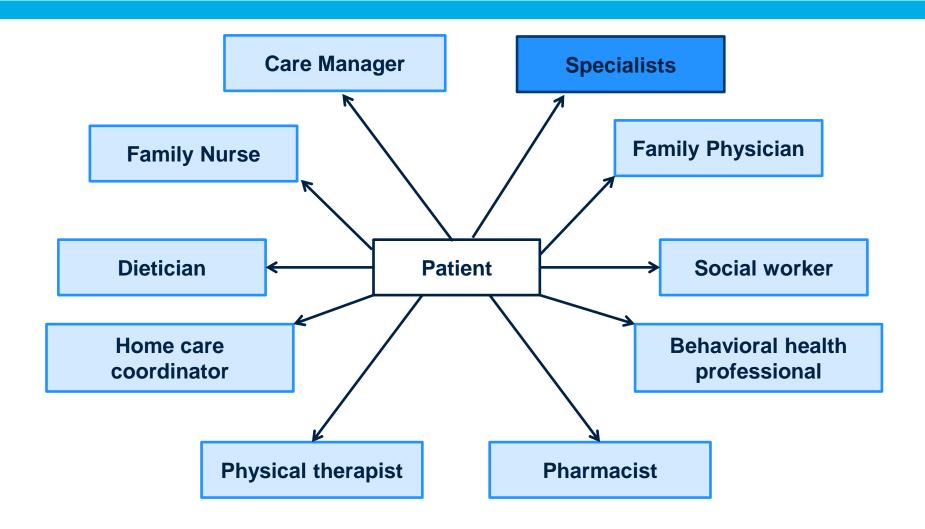


PATIENT RISK STRATIFICATION

- Predict patterns and degrees of illness among practice patients.
- Determines the level of care where case management takes place
 ≠ Idea of gatekeeping role.



MULTIDISCIPLINARY CARE TEAMS

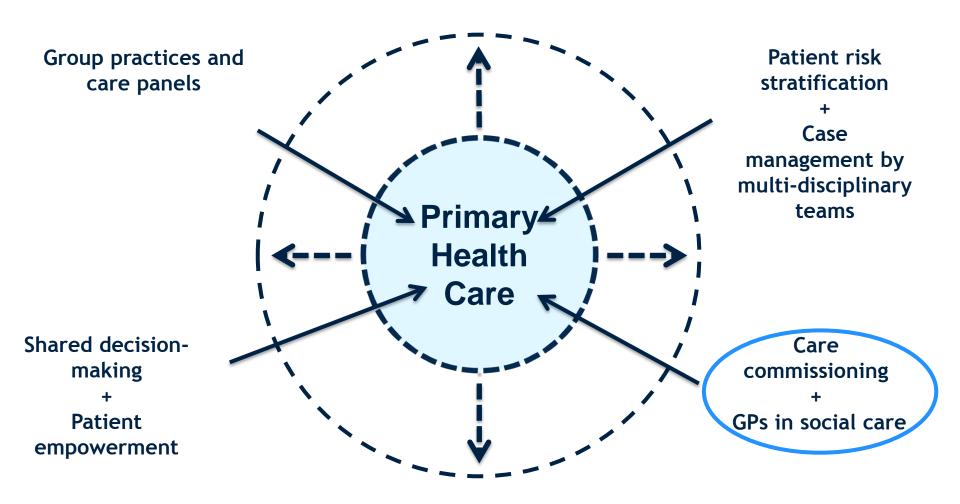




CASE MANAGEMENT BY MULTIDISCIPLINARY TEAMS

- Understanding whole set of facts and circumstances surrounding members which may involve additional tests and specialist consultations.
- Coordinating the full continuum of preventive, primary acute rehabilitative and long term care (i.e., nutrition, medication management, discharge planning and follow-up).







CARE COMMISSIONING AND LINKS TO SOCIAL CARE

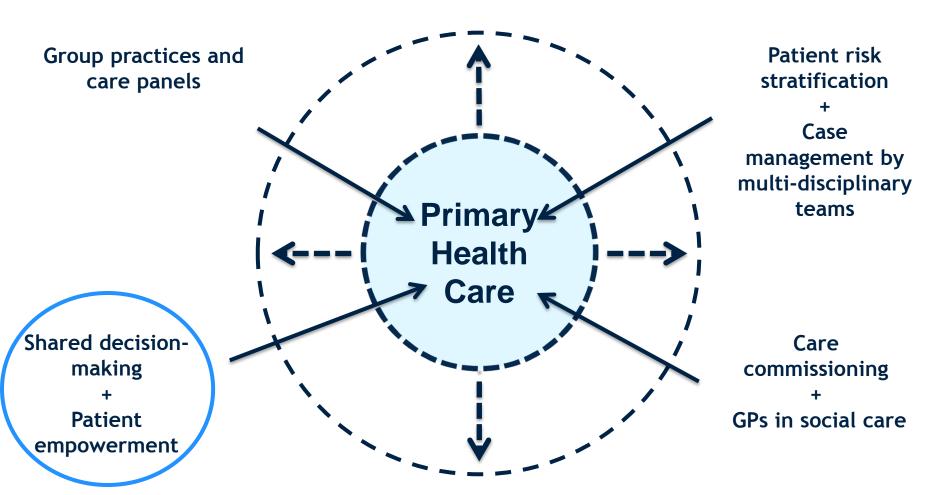
- Commissioning of care: The agent (e.g., GP) purchases care services on behalf of the patient.
- Commissioning is already happening in Estonia.
- The package that is commissioned can vary extremely (e.g., GP trust funds in the UK).
- In some models, even social care is purchased by the GP.



CARE COMMISSIONING AND LINKS TO SOCIAL CARE

- Alternatively, GPs actually provide the social care themselves.
- **Example:** After hours primary care in nursing homes
- Otherwise, patients would require emergency care (no knowledge of patient history).







SHARED DECISION-MAKING AND SELF-MANAGEMENT SUPPORT

- Training programs for family physicians on shared decision-making
- Supporting patients' active participation in health care treatment decisions
- Ensuring that patients' perspectives are carefully considered
- Further enabling patients to become 'co-producers' of their own health by adhering to treatment plans agreed upon with physicians



PHASING A COMPREHENSIVE REFORM ENDEAVOR...

0000	0007	0000	0000	0040	0044	2010
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
						coaching high cost patients
						Health promotion programmes for the unemployed
						Reduction of antibiotic medication for different indications
						Music therapy for patients with chronic pain problems
				Health promotion for small and medium sized businesses and their employees		
					Physical exercises	and treatment for patients with back pain ("Mein gesunder Rücken")
					Early detection and	treatment of rheumatic disorders ("Beweglich bleiben – Rheuma frühzeitig behandeln")
					Hypertension and p	orevention of renal diseases ("Im Gleichgewicht – meinen Blutdruck im Griff")
					Improving medication	on adherence of elderly patients by distributing unit dose blisters
				Start of planning a	health and fitness tra	aining center ("Gesundheitswelt Kinzigtal")
			Better management of major depression ("Besser gestimmt")		n ("Besser gestimmt")	
				Start of central elec	tronic patient record	
		Medical care for the elderly in nursing hom			omes ("ÄrztePlusPfl	ege")
		"Healthy Kinzigtal gets moving" ("Gesur			ndes Kinzigtal bewe	pt")
		"Patient university" classes				
		Prevention of osteoporosis /osteoporotic fractures ("Starke Muskeln, feste Knochen")				
		Social case management ("Sozialer Dienst")				
		DMP asthma				
		DMP COPD				
	Lifestyle intervention for patients with metabolic syndrome ("Gesundes Gewicht")					
	Quit Smoking Programme ("Smoke-free Kinzigta					
	Active health promotion for the elderly ("AGil")					
	Intervention by psychotherapists/psychiatrists in case of acute personal crises ("Psycho-therapie akut")					
	DMP coronary heart disease					
	Start of electronic integration					
Chronic heart failur	Chronic heart failure ("Starkes Herz")					
DMP diabetes mellitus type II						
DMP breast cancer						
Shared Decision training						

'Gesundes Kinzigtal' an integrated care model in Germany. Source: Hildebrandt et al. (2013)

