

Eesti tervishoiusüsteem rahvusvahelises võrdluses

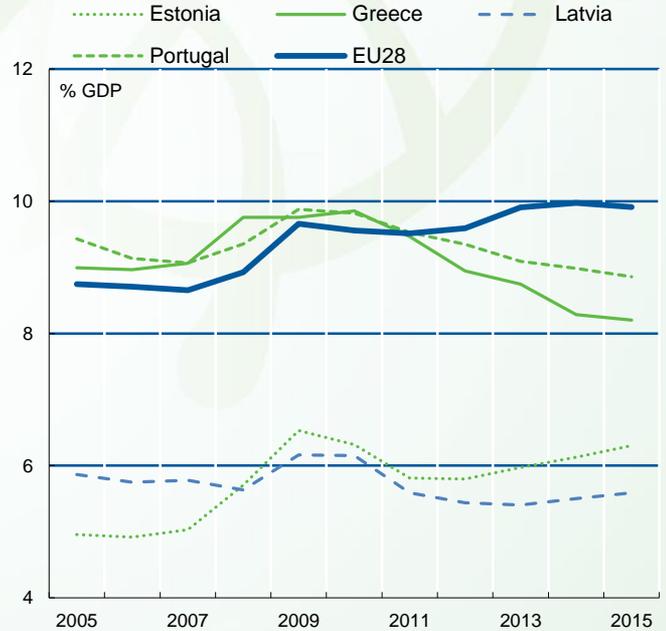
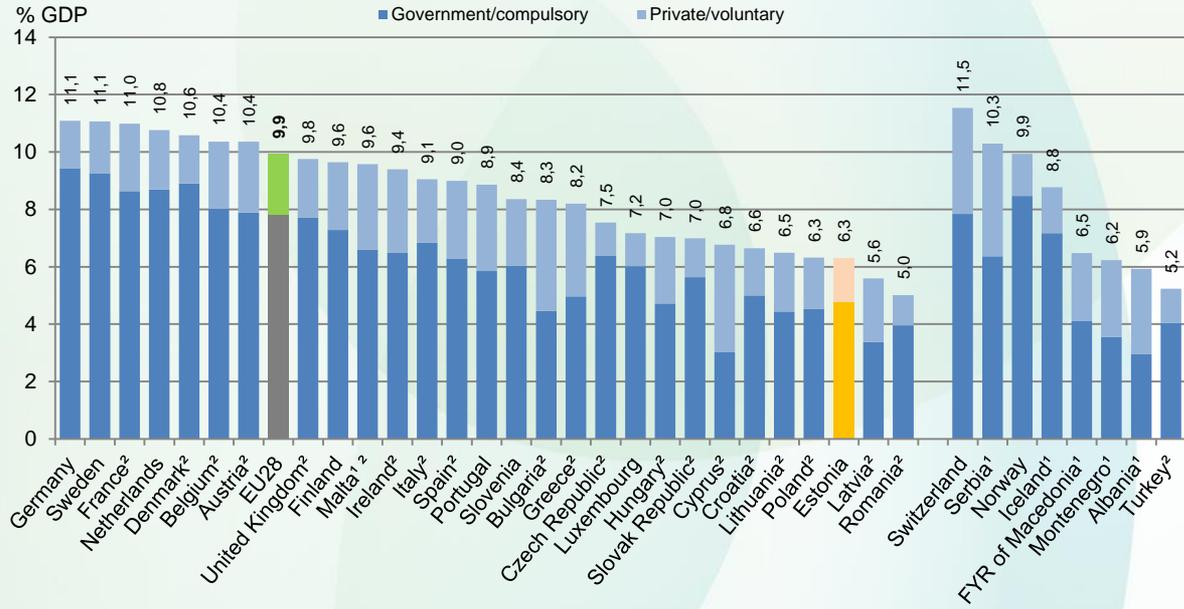
Health at a Glance: Europe 2016 (OECD)

19.05.2017
EHK nõukogu



Tervishoiukulud

Health expenditure as a share of GDP, 2015 (or nearest year)

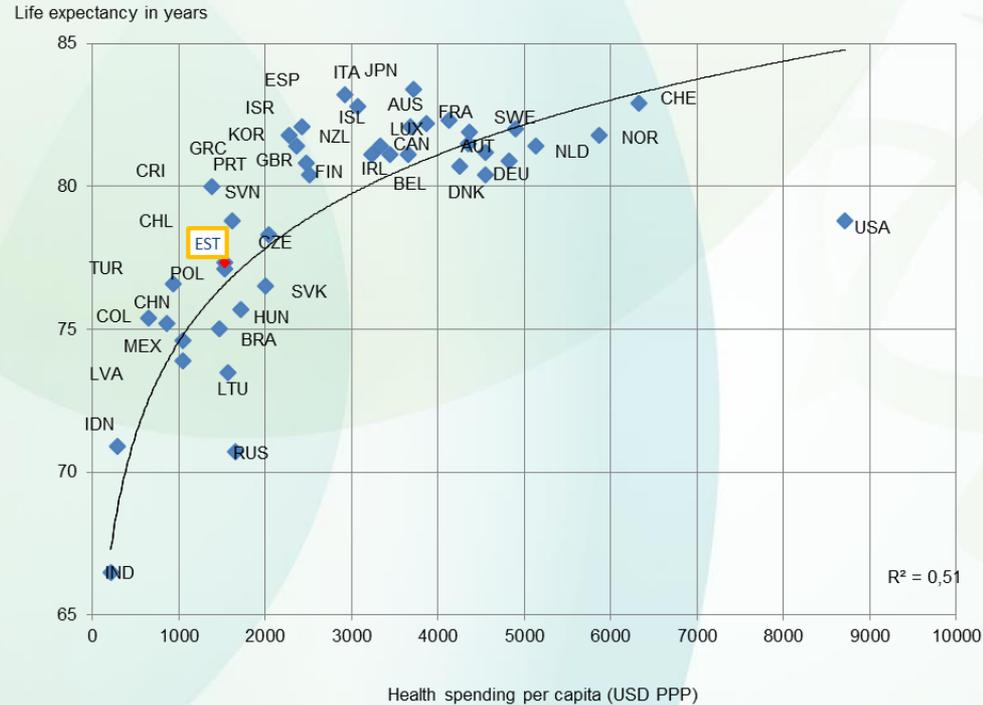


ELANIKE TERVISENÄITAJATEST



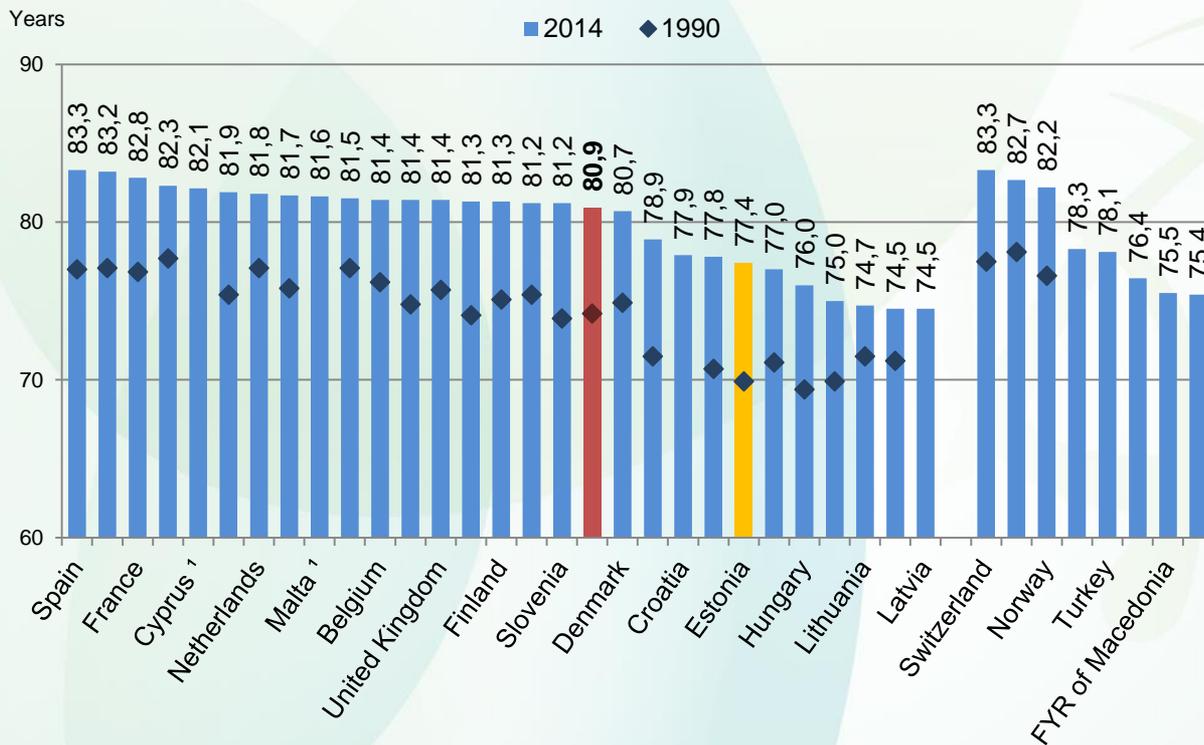
Eeldatav keskmine eluiga ja tervishoiukulud *per capita*

Life expectancy at birth and health spending per capita, 2013 (or latest year)



Oodatav eluiga sünnimomendil kasvab Eestis aasta-aastalt

Life expectancy at birth, 1990 and 2014

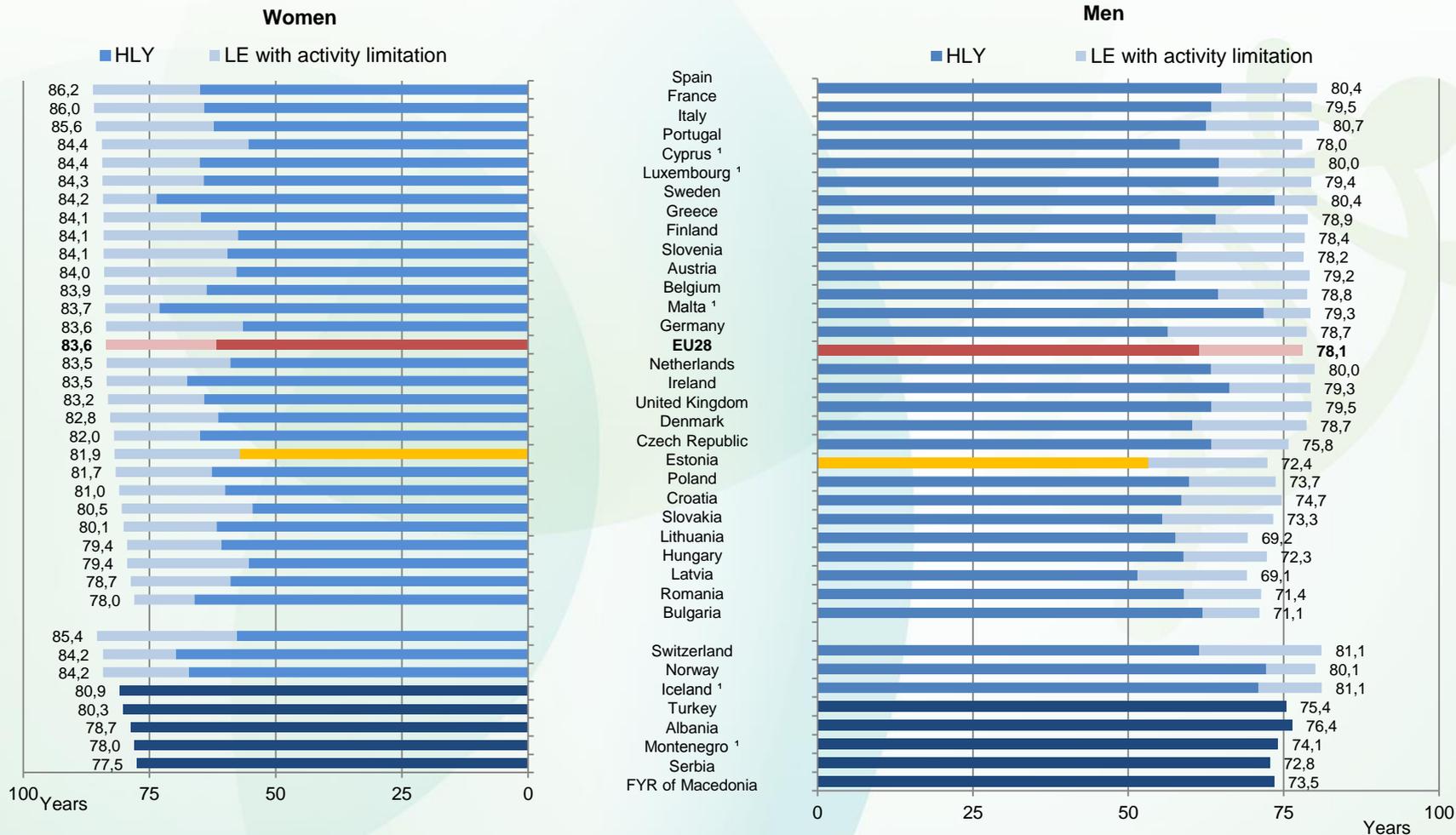


	M&N	M	N
2006	73,22	67,68	78,60
2007	73,19	67,49	78,80
2008	74,29	68,90	79,41
2009	75,20	69,98	80,06
2010	75,90	70,84	80,54
2011	76,39	71,34	81,01
2012	76,46	71,36	81,17
2013	77,28	72,70	81,33
2014	77,16	72,32	81,54
2015	77,71	73,08	81,85

Statistikaamet, 2016

Source: Eurostat Database completed with data from OECD Health Statistics 2016.

Oodatav eluiga ja tervena elatud aastad soo lõikes

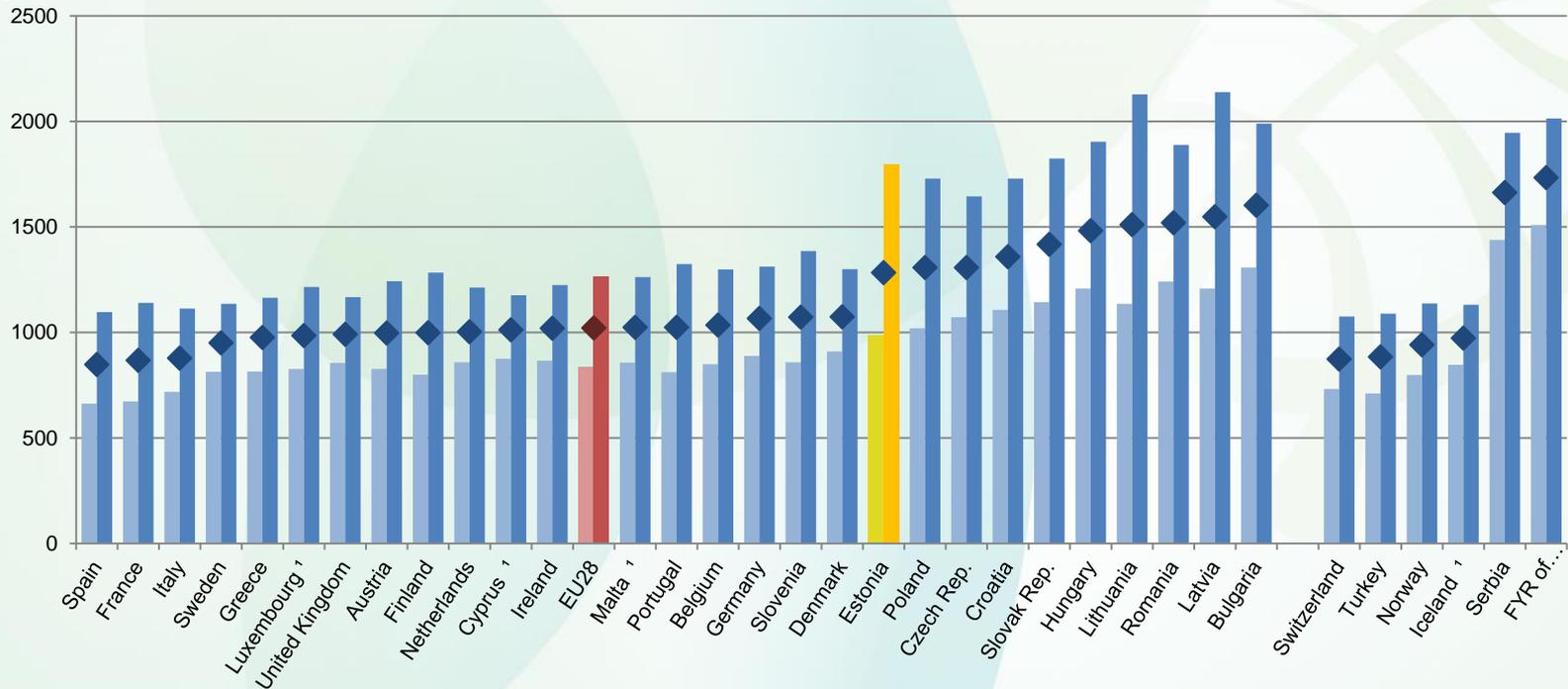


Source: Eurostat Database.

Suremus on Eestis kõrgem kui EU-s keskmiselt, oluline vahe on meeste ja naiste suremuses (2013)

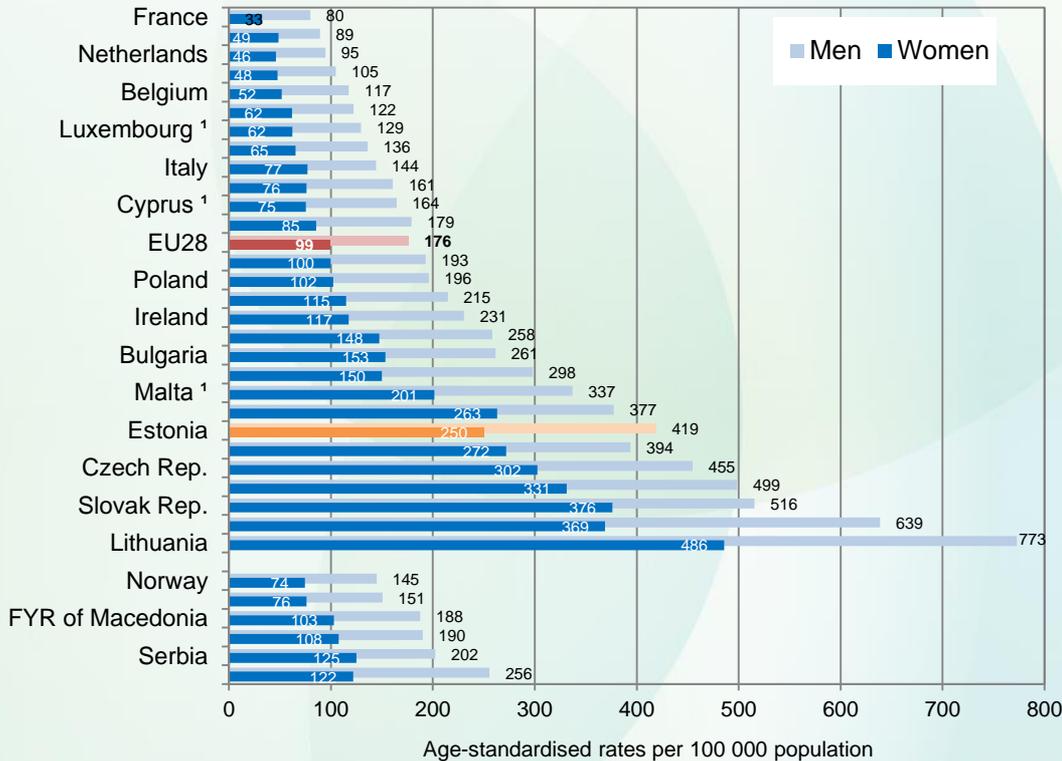
Age-standardised rates per 100 000 population

Women Men Total

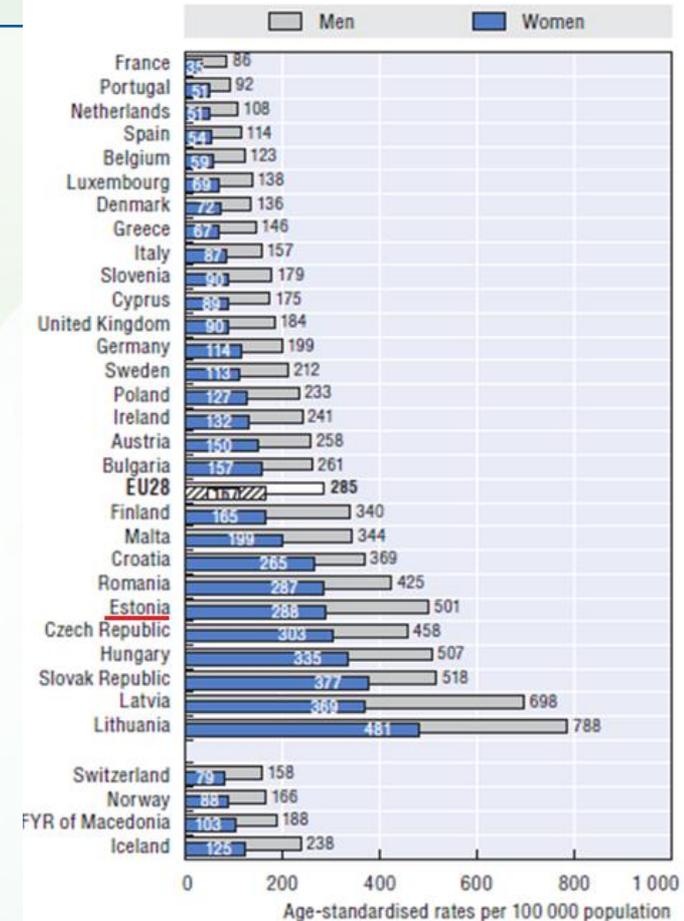


Peamiseks surma põhjuseks on kardiovaskulaarsed haigused (EU – 40%)

Ischemic heart disease, mortality rates, 2013

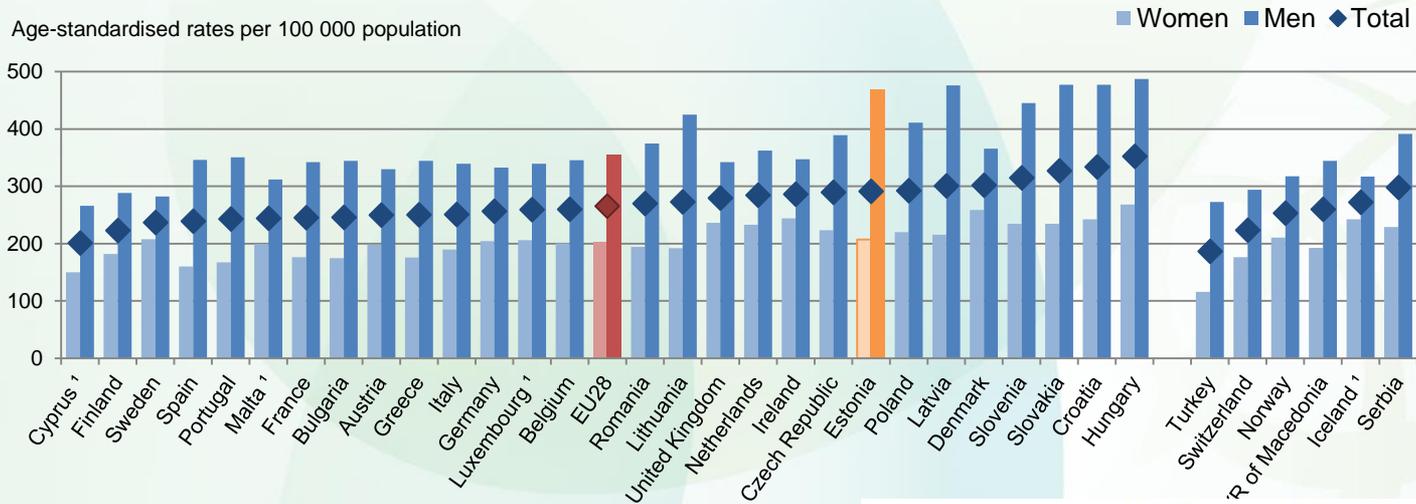


1.4.1. Ischemic heart disease, mortality rates, 2011

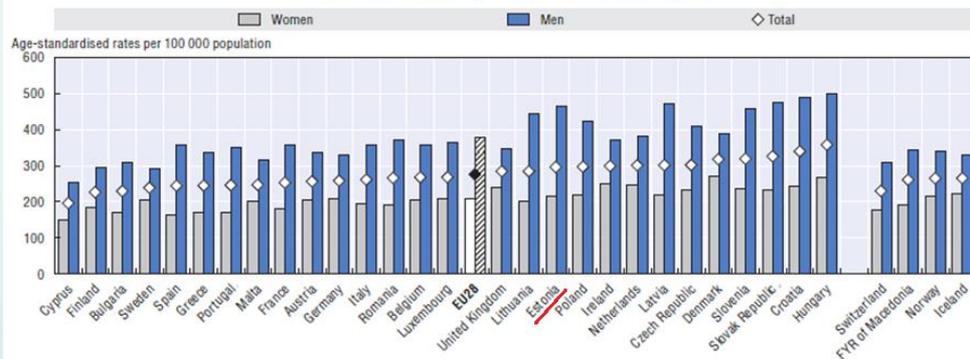


Sageduselt teine surma põhjus on kasvaja (EU - 26%)

Cancer mortality, 2013 (or latest year)

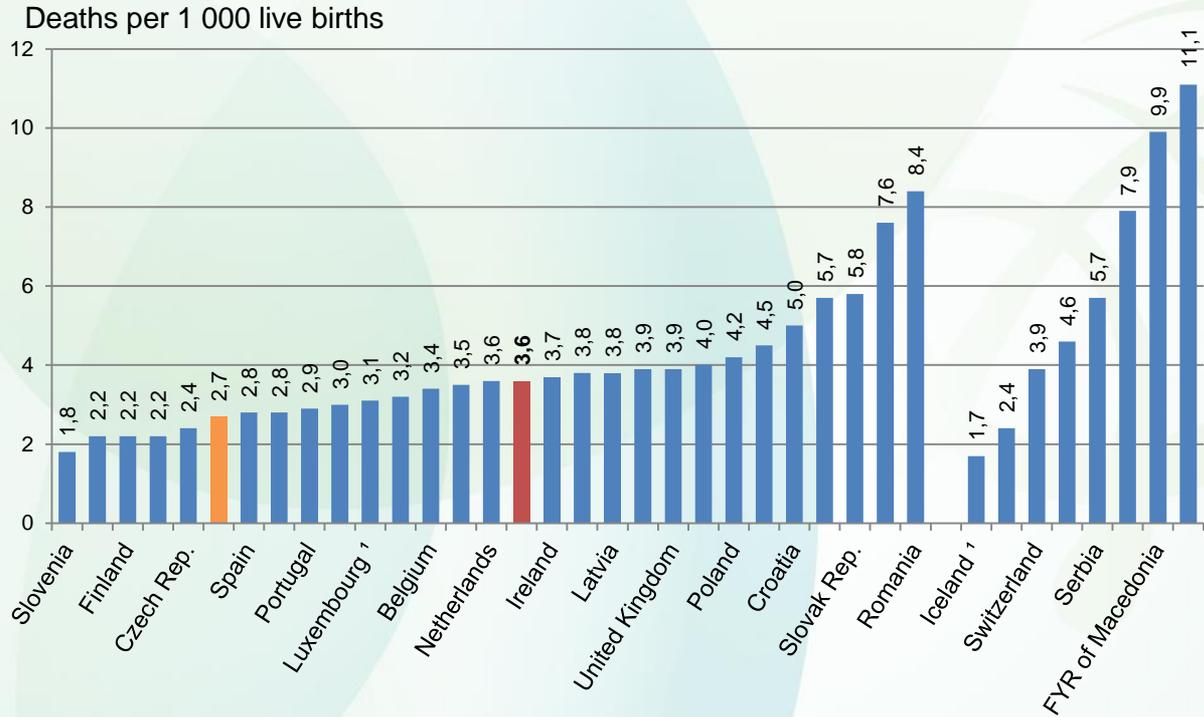


1.5.1. All cancers mortality rates, men and women, 2011



Imikute suremus püsib stabiilselt väga madalal

Infant mortality, 2014 (or Inearest year)

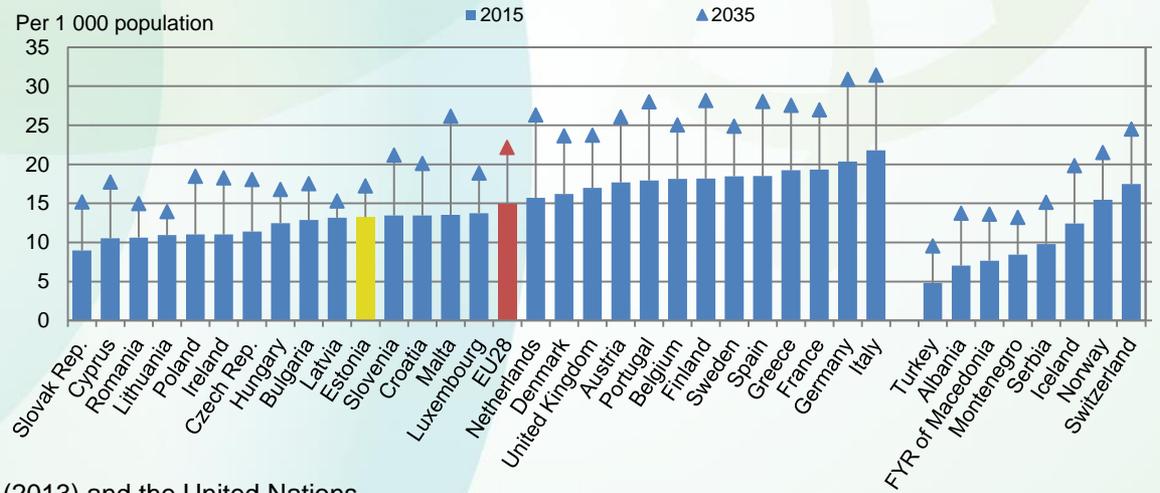
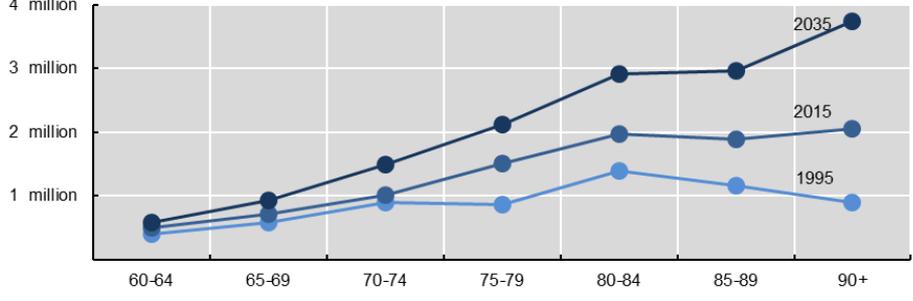


¹ Three-year average (2012-14).

Source: Eurostat Database.

Dementsusega inimeste hulk on kasvav kogu Euroopas

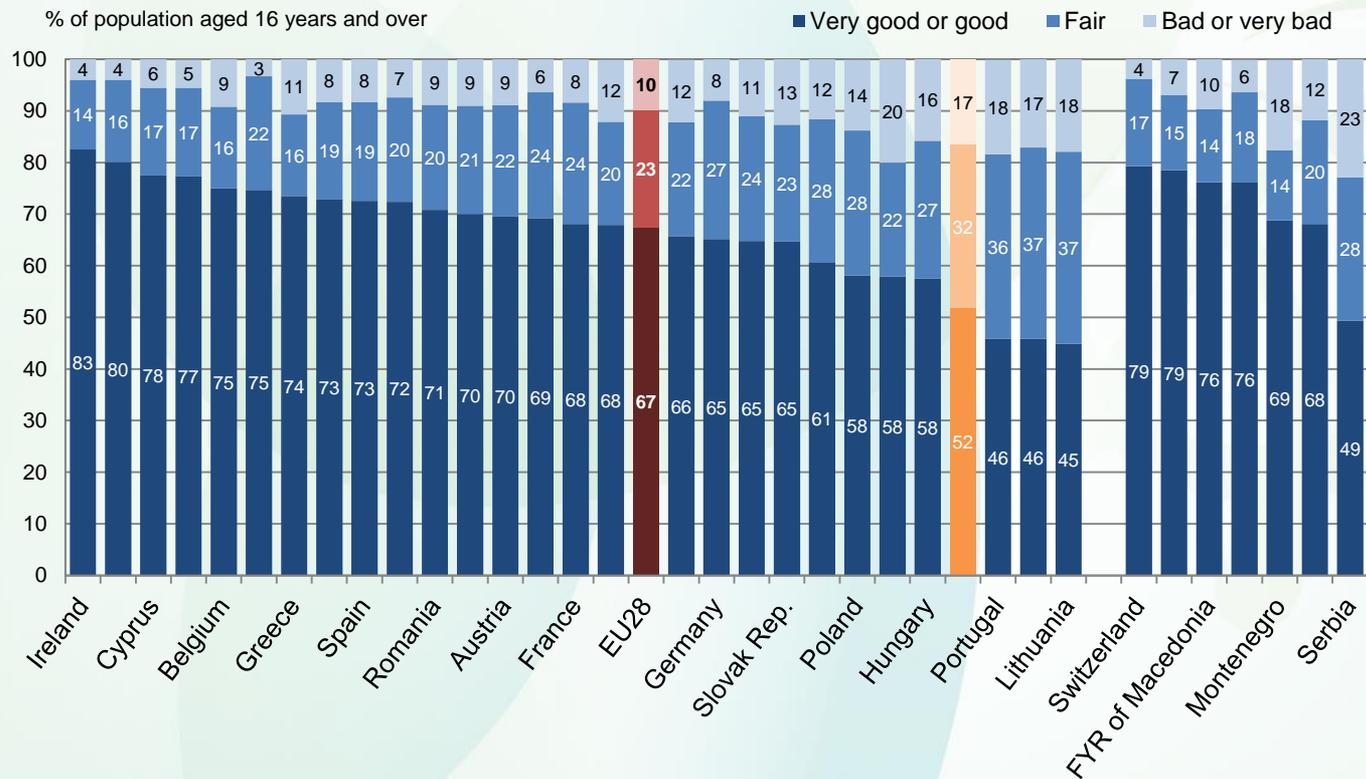
3.41. Estimated number of people with dementia in EU countries, by age, 1995, 2015 and 2035



Source: OECD analysis of data from Prince et al. (2013) and the United Nations.

Eesti inimeste hinnangud oma tervises seisundile – 84% ütleb, et tervis on hea või rahuldav

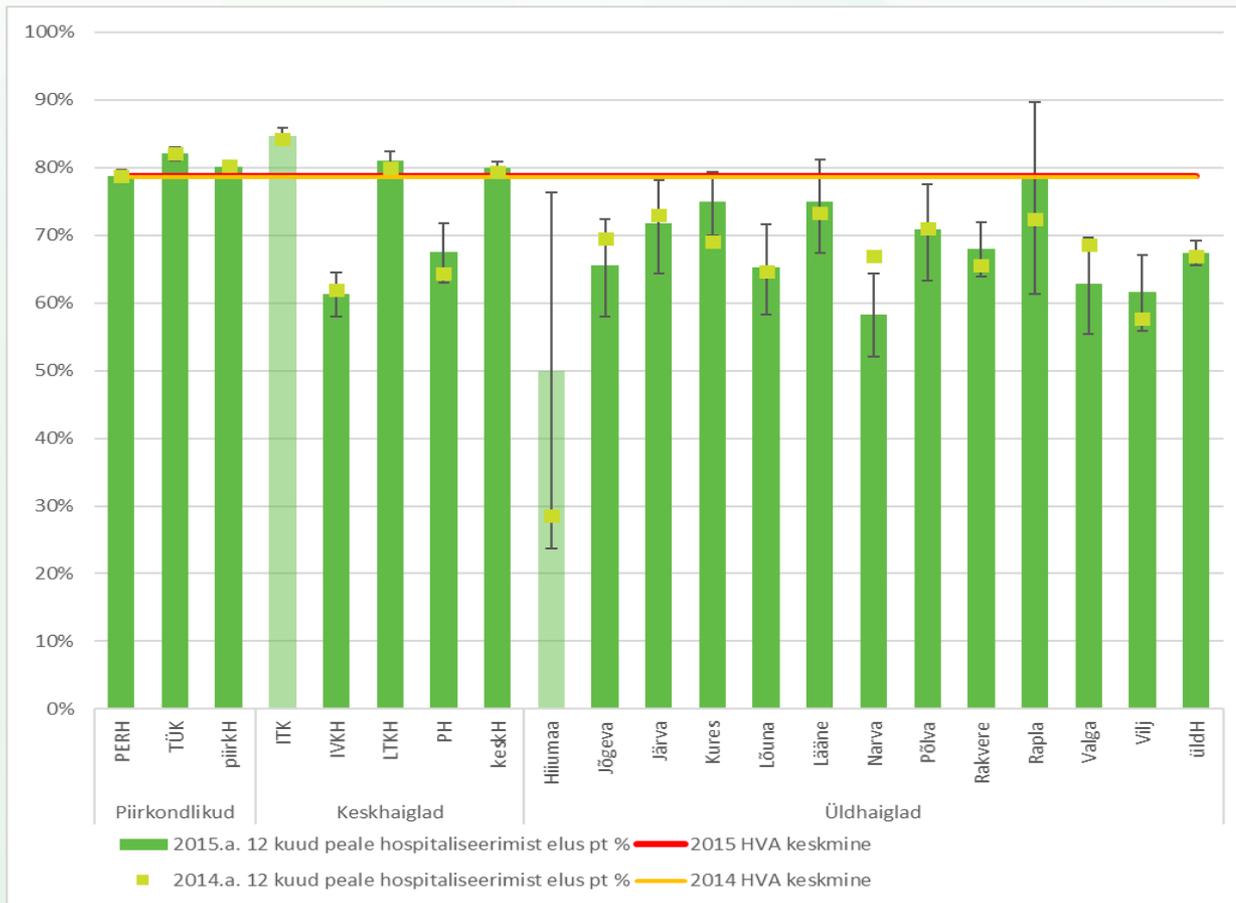
Self-reported health status, 2014



EESTI RAVIKVALITEEDI NÄITAJAD

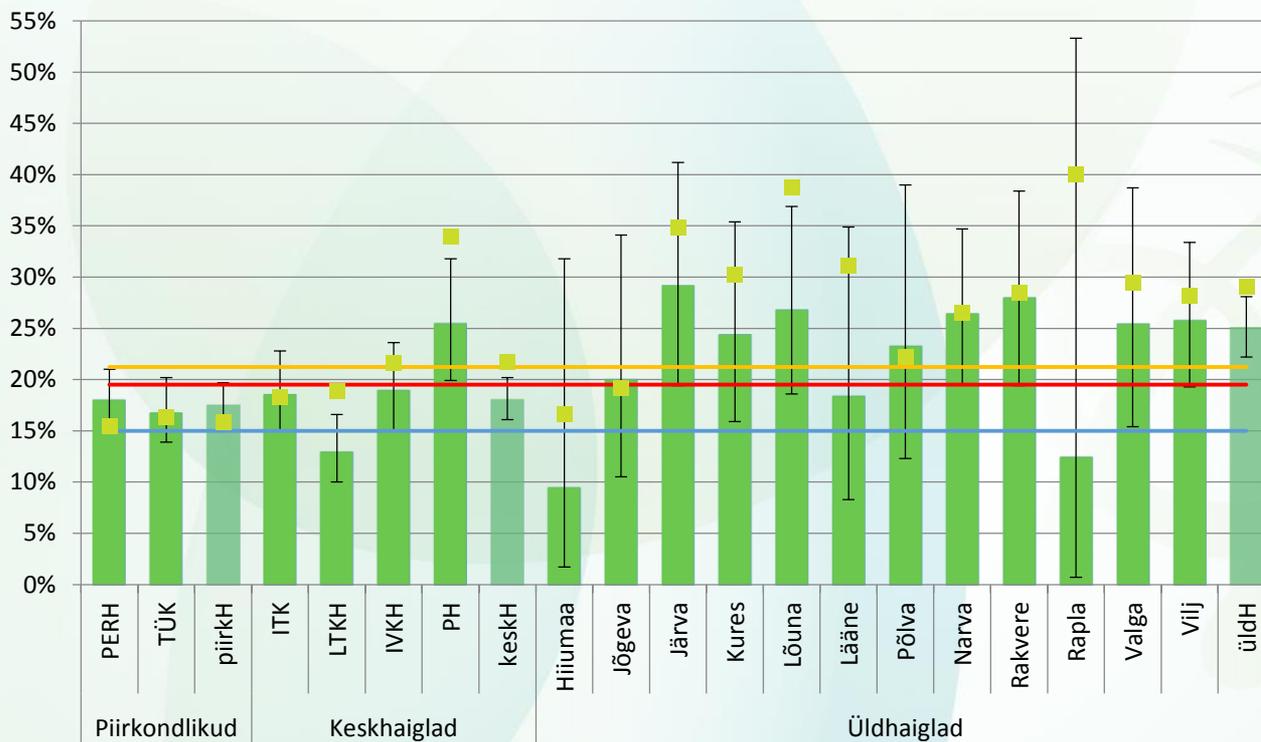


Intensiivravijärgne 30 päeva elulemus on Eestis võrdlemisi heal tasemel



Indikaatori eesmärk 70%

Ägeda insuldihaige 30 päeva suremus



- 2016. a. vältimatu insuldi raviarvega pt osakaal, kes on 30 päeva jooksul surnud
- 2016 HVA keskmine
- 2015.a. vältimatu insuldi raviarvega pt osakaal, kes on 30 päeva jooksul surnud
- 2015 HVA keskmine
- Indikaatori eesmärk <15%

TERVISHOIOUSÜSTEEMI PEAMISI NÄITAJAID

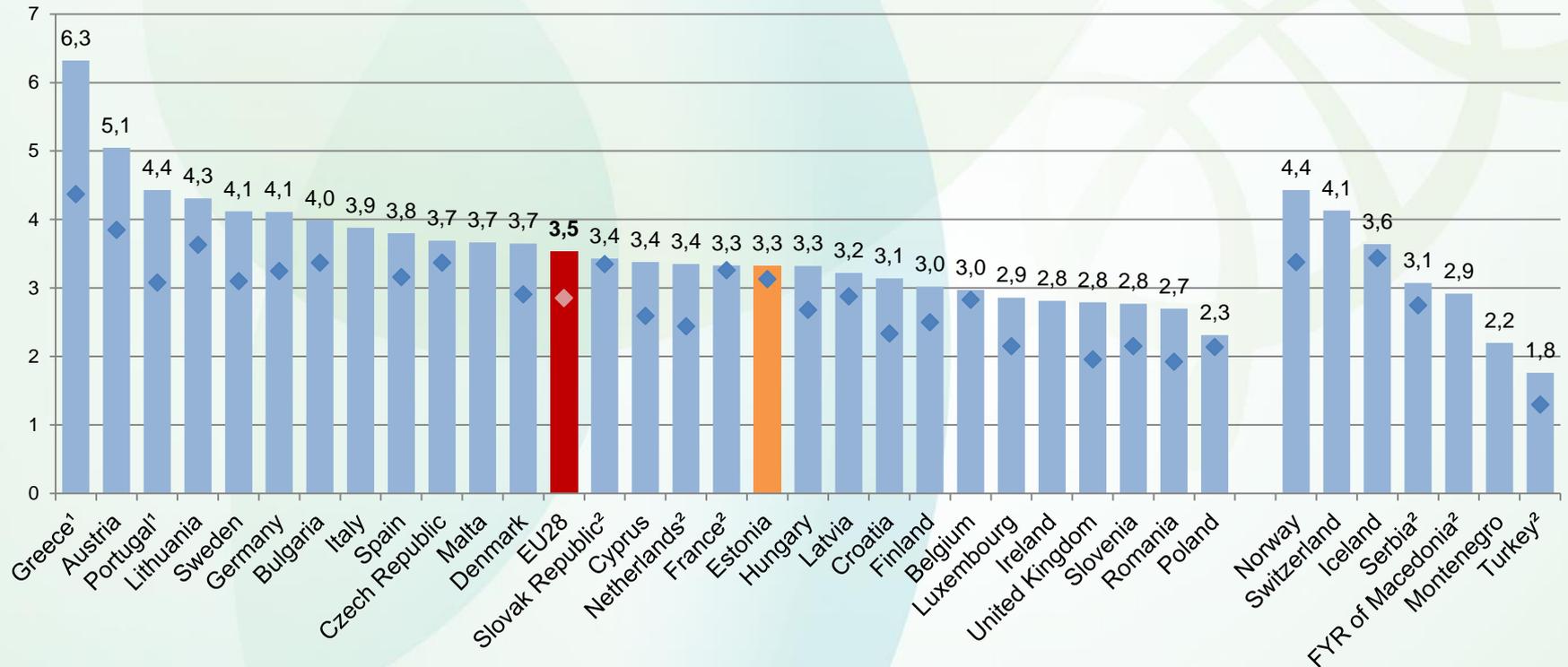


Praktiseerivate arstide arv 1000 elaniku kohta on püsinud stabiilsena

Practising doctors per 1 000 population, 2000 and 2014 (or nearest year)

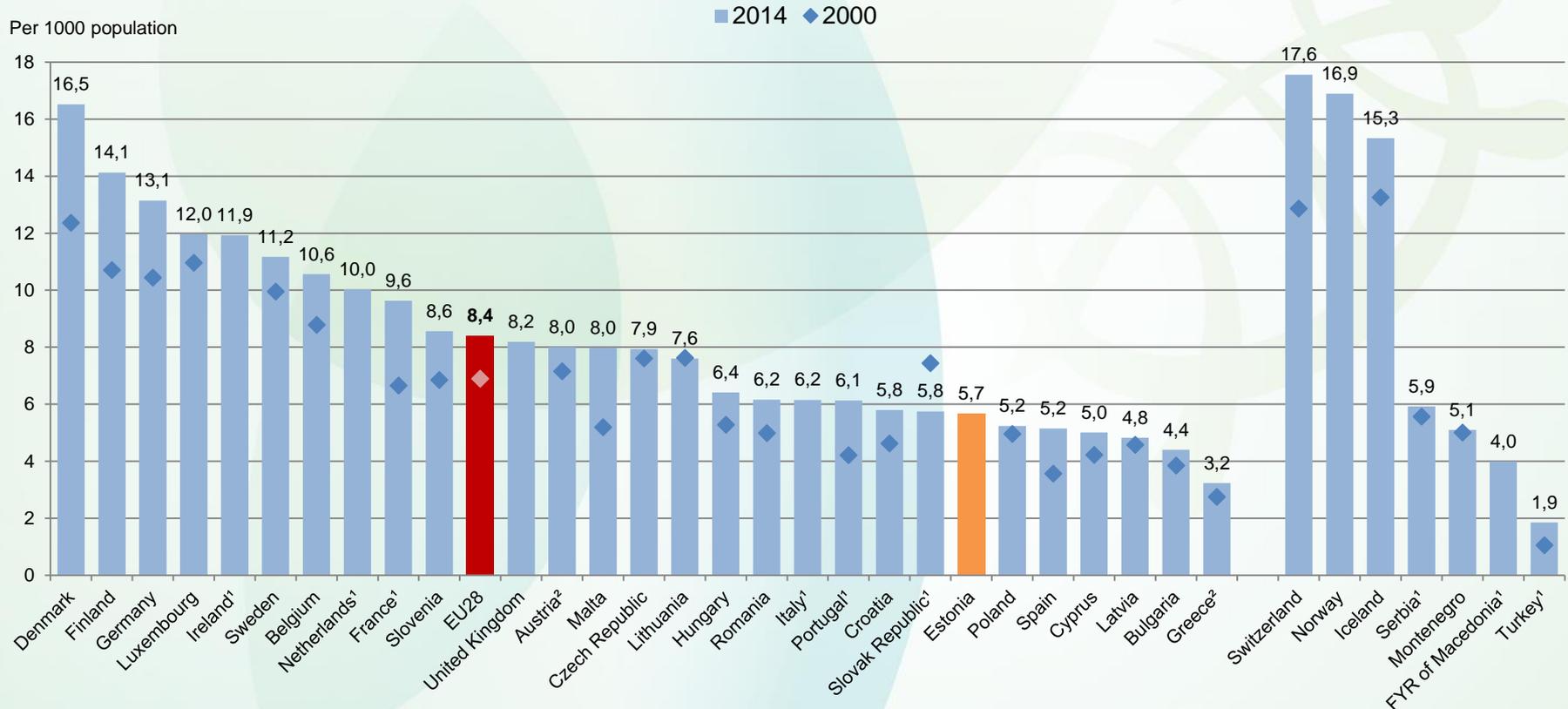
Per 1 000 population

■ 2014 ◆ 2000



Õdede arv on EU keskmisest väiksem

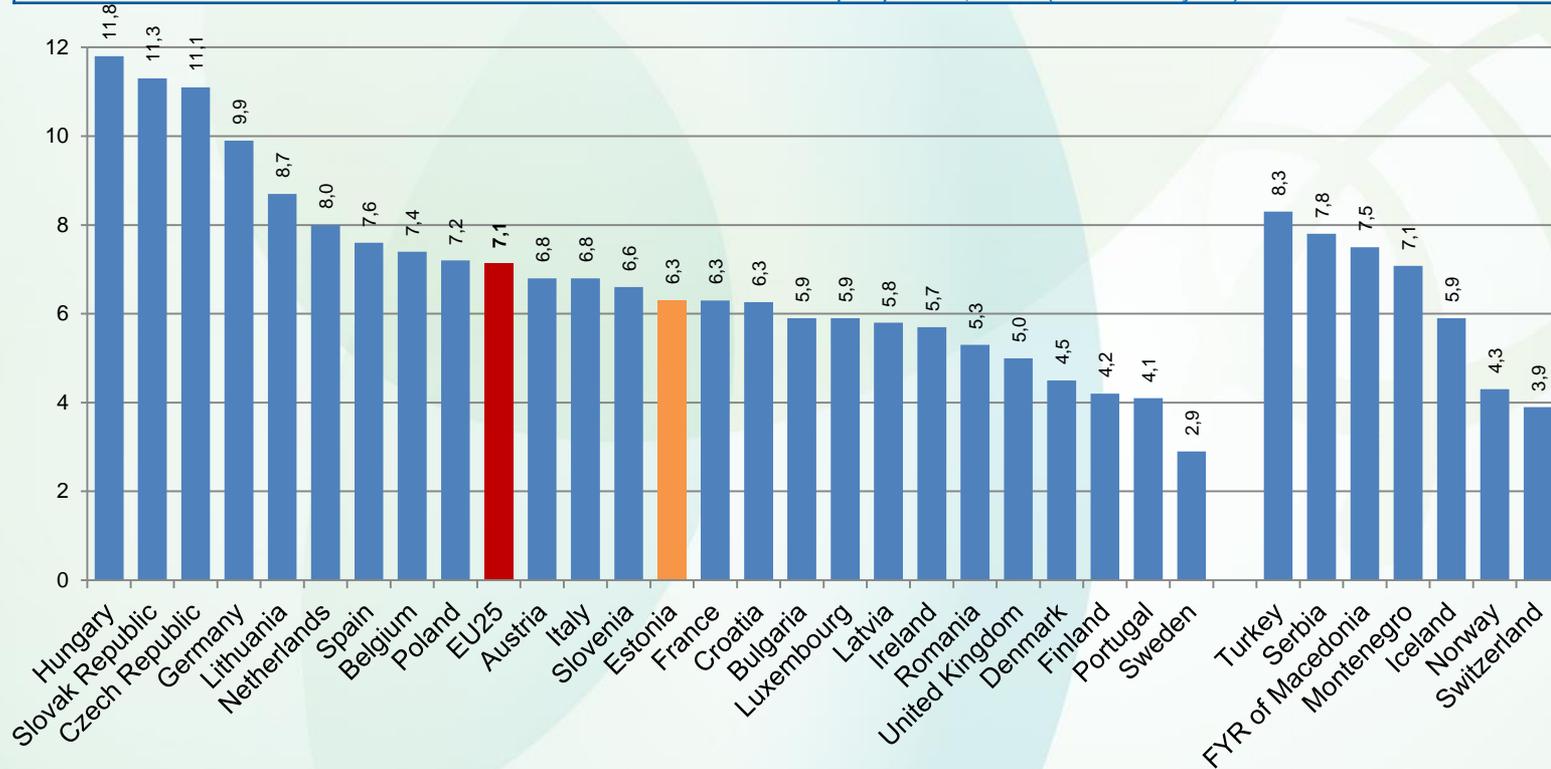
Practising nurses per 1 000 population, 2000 and 2014 (or nearest year)



Arsti vastuvõtul käime keskmiselt sama palju kui ülejäänud eurooplased

Annual consultations per person

Number of doctor consultations per person, 2013 (or nearest year)

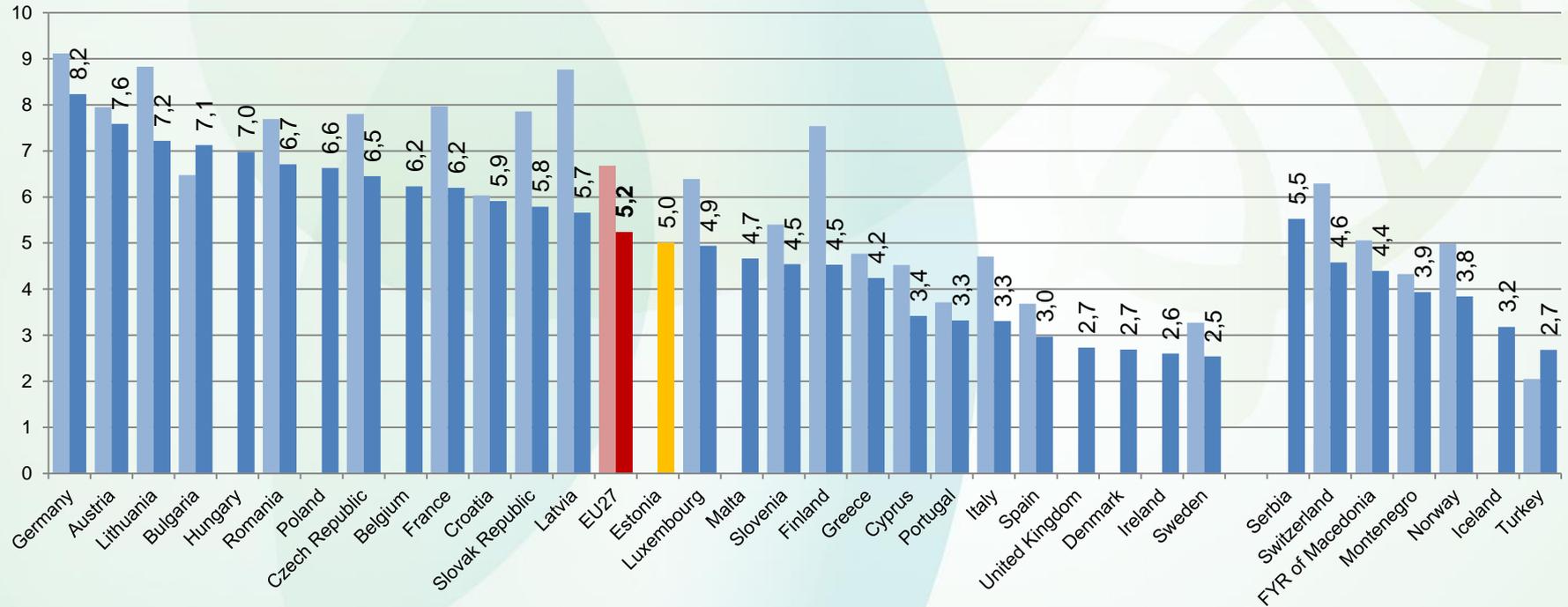


Ka haiglavoodite hulk on Euroopa keskmisel tasemel

Hospital beds per 1000 population, 2000 and 2014 (or nearest year)

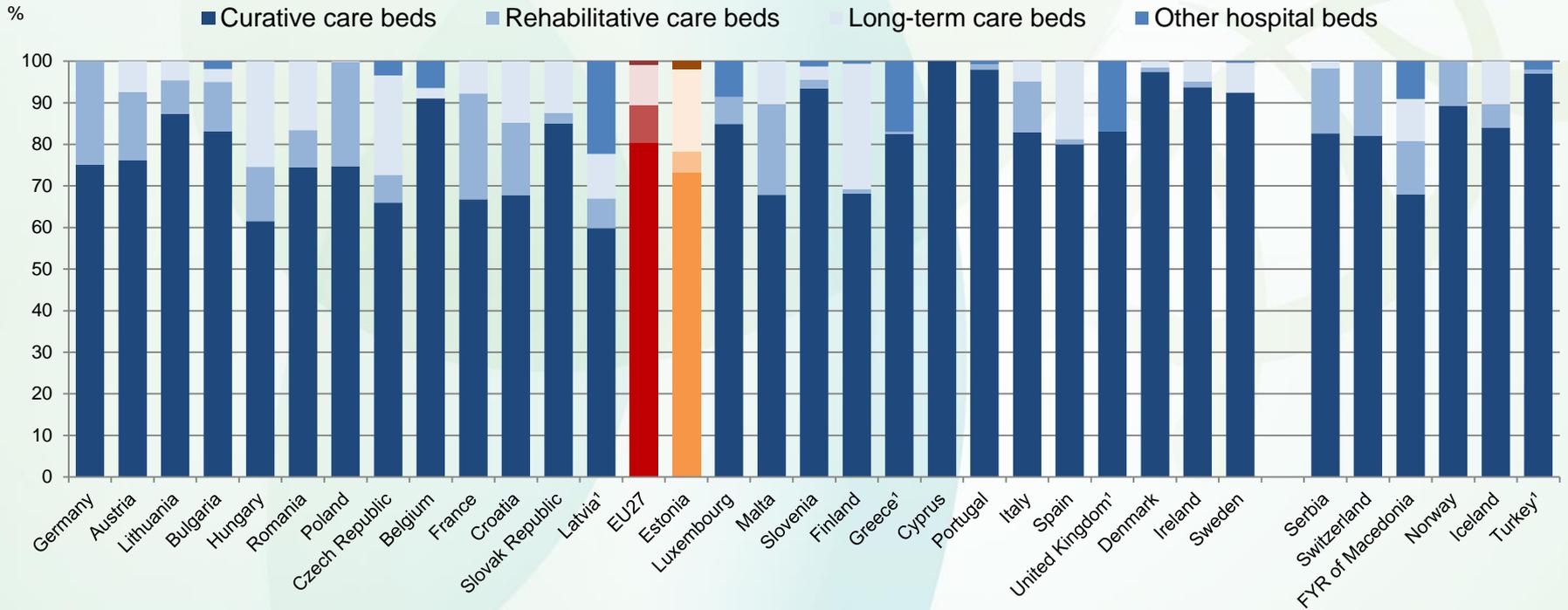
Per 1 000 population

■ 2000 ■ 2014



Võrreldes EU keskmisega moodustavad Eesti haiglavooditest suhteliselt suure osakaalu õendusabi voodid

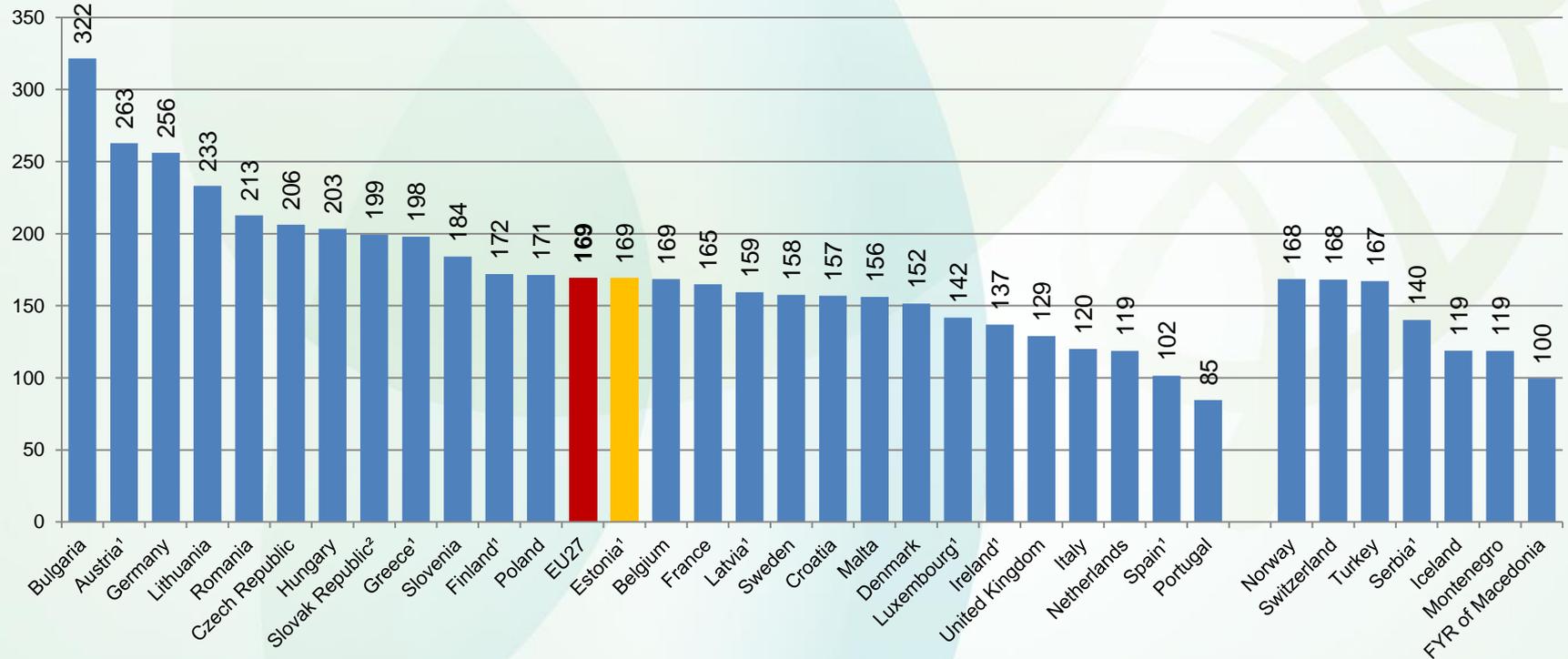
Hospital beds by function of health care, 2014 (or nearest year)



Haiglaravi saavate patsientide hulk on EU keskmine

Hospital discharges per 1 000 population, 2014 (or nearest year)

Per 1 000 population

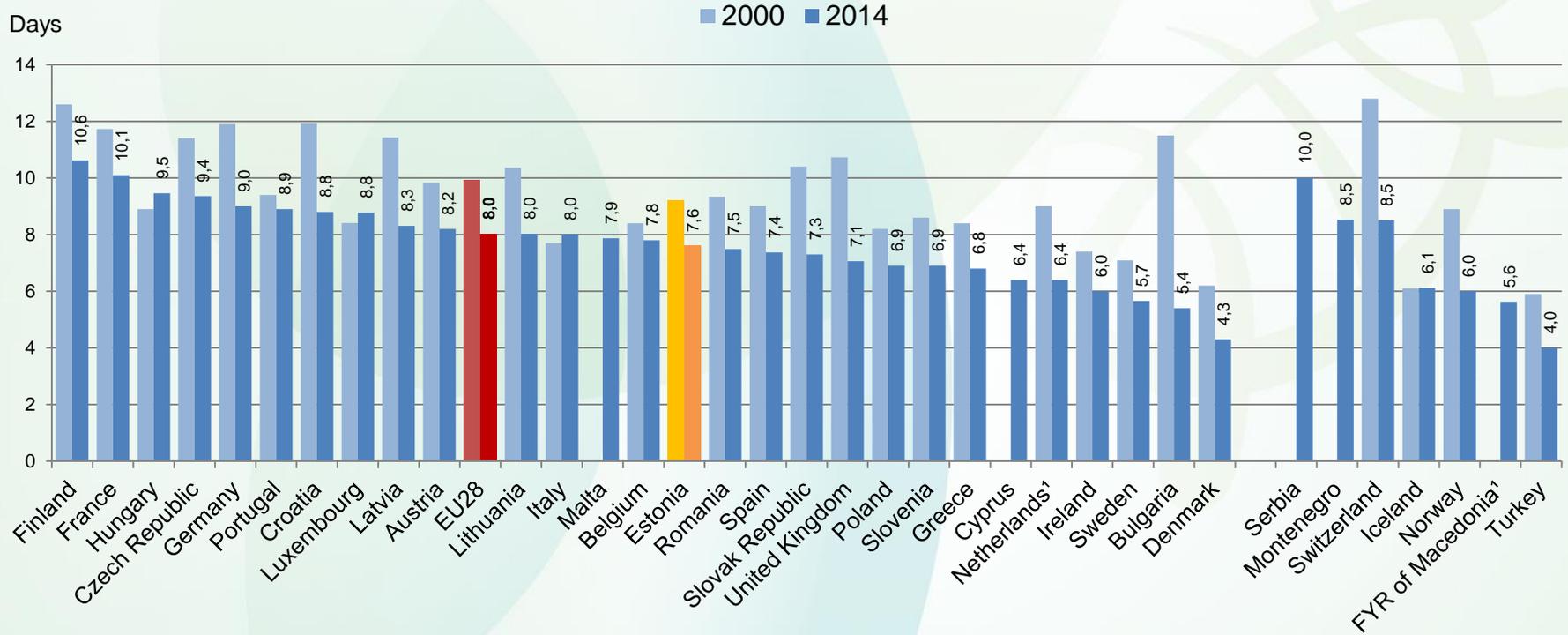


1. Excludes discharges of healthy babies born in hospital (between 3-10% of all discharges).

2. Includes same-day discharges.

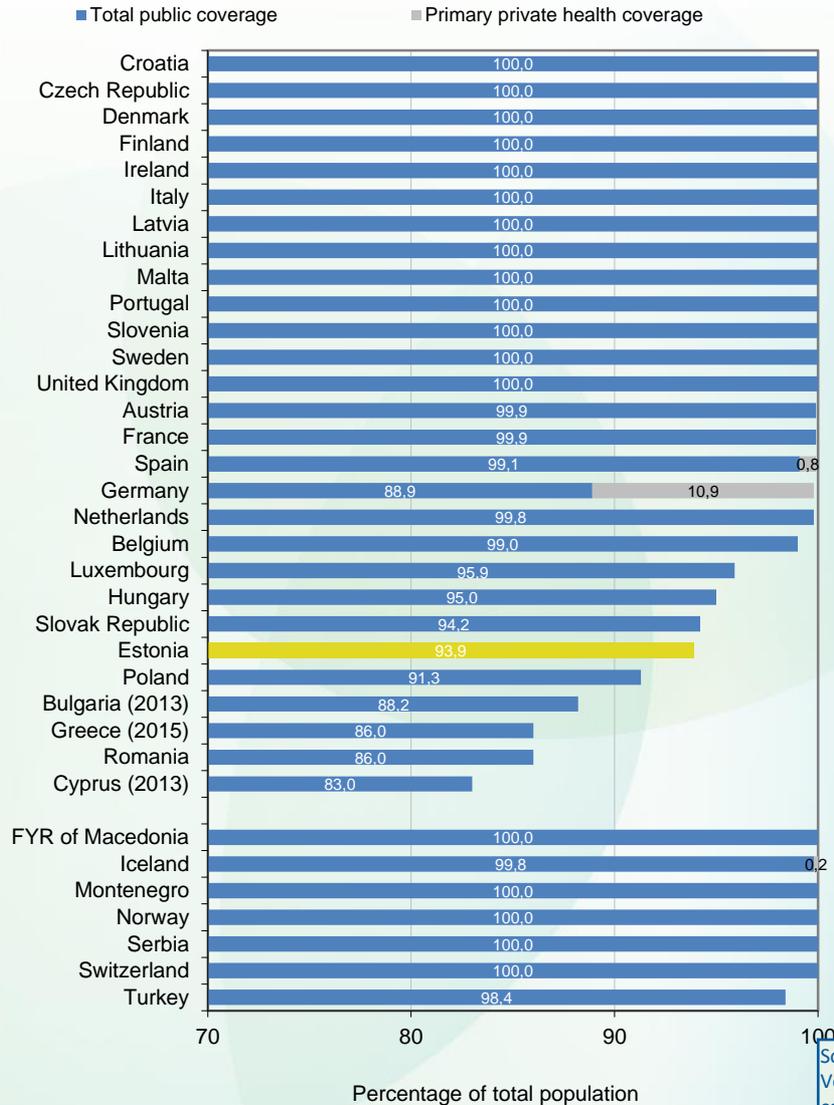
Source: OECD Health Statistics 2016; Eurostat Database.

Haiglas viibitud päevade arv väheneb - seda peetakse üheks tervishoiusüsteemi efektiivsuse ja kvaliteedi näitajaks



TEENUSTE KÄTTESAADAVUS





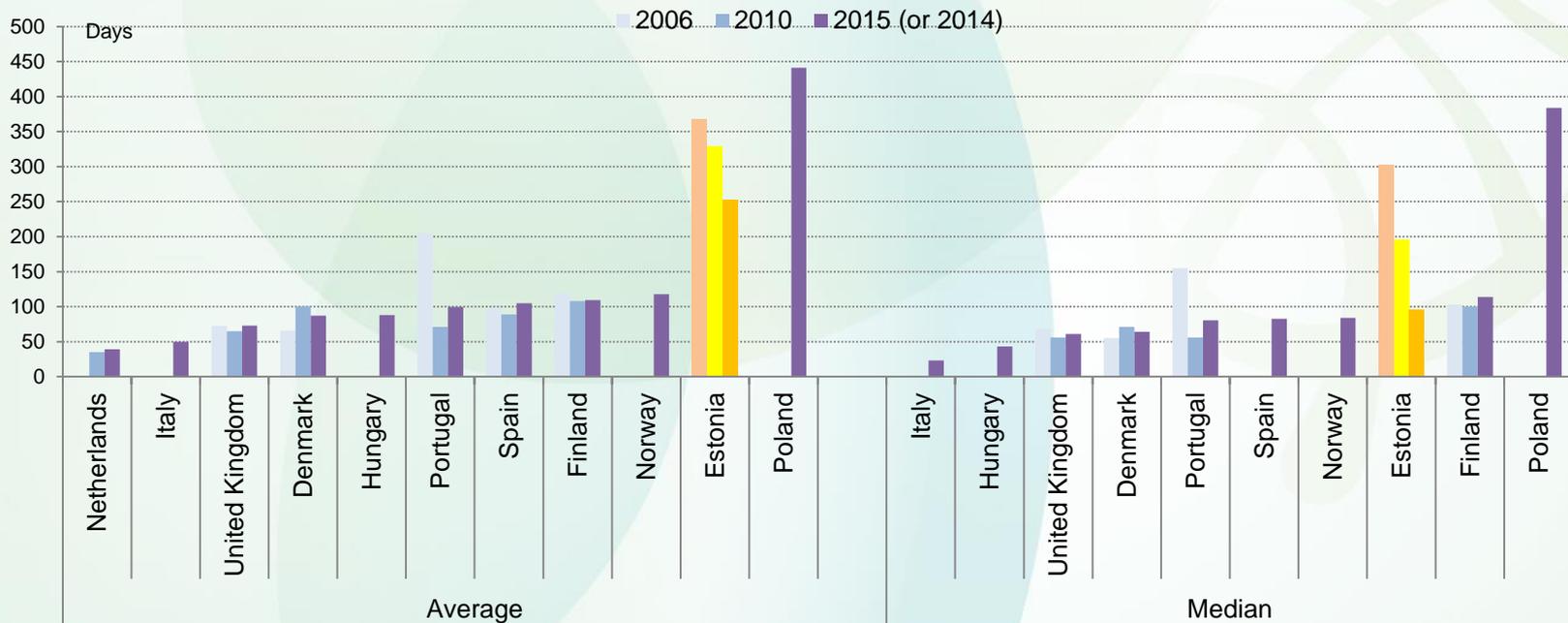
Ravikindlustusega hõlmatud elanikkond

Health insurance coverage for a core set of services, 2014 (or nearest year)

Source: OECD Health Statistics 2016; European Observatory Health Systems in Transition (HIT) Series and Voluntary health insurance in Europe: country experience, Observatory Studies Series, 2016, for non-OECD countries.

Ooteaeg katarakti operatsioonile on 10 aastaga märgatavalt lühenenud

Cataract surgery, waiting times from specialist assessment to treatment, 2006 to 2014/15



Samuti on lühenenud ooteajad endoproteesidele

Hip replacement, waiting times from specialist assessment to treatment, 2006 to 2014/15

