

Eesti tervishoiusüsteem rahvusvahelises võrdluses

15.05.2015
EHK nõukogu

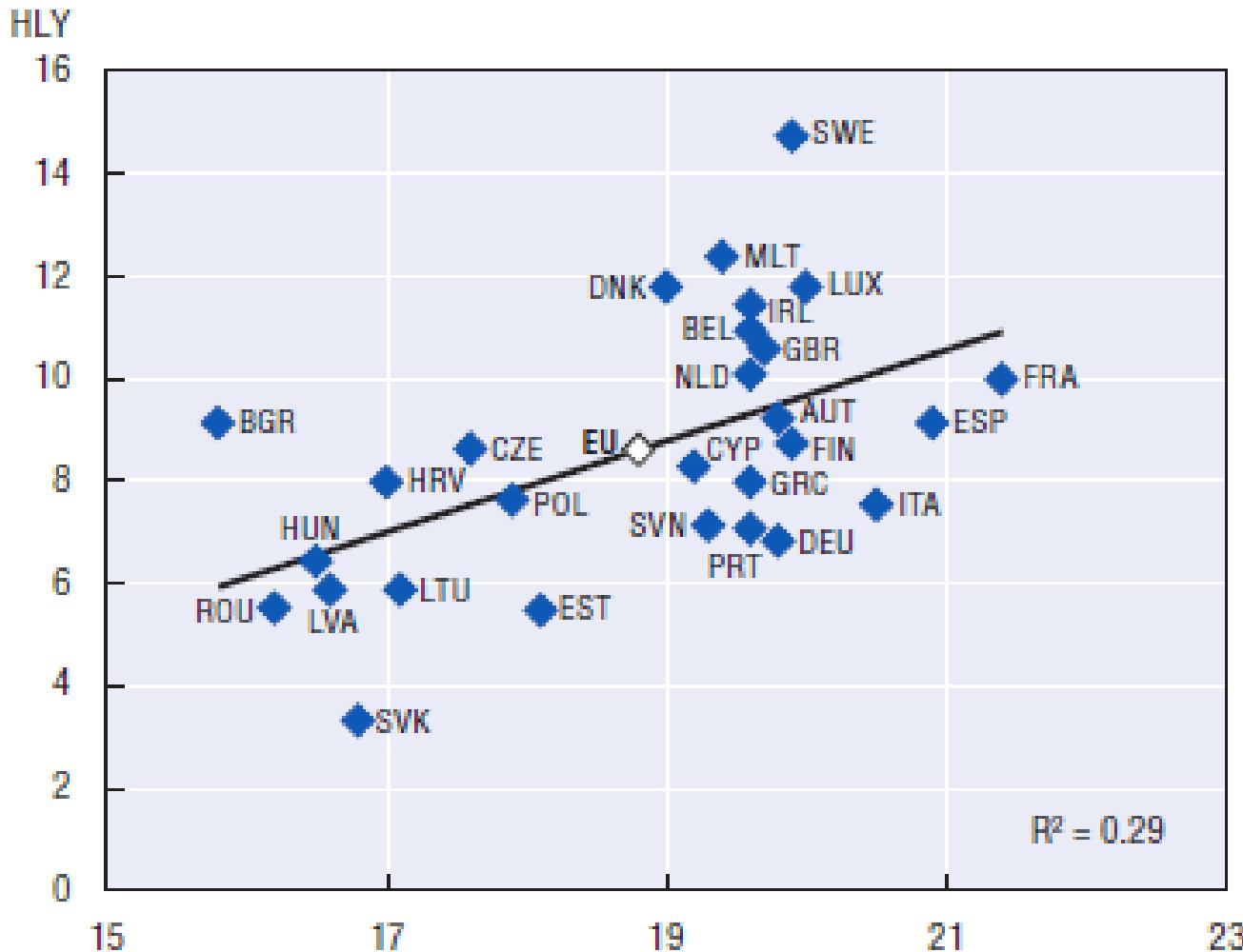
http://www.keepeek.com/Digital-Asset-Management/oecd/social-issues-migration-health/health-at-a-glance-europe-2014_health_glance_eur-2014-en#page18



ELANIKE TERVISENÄITAJATEST

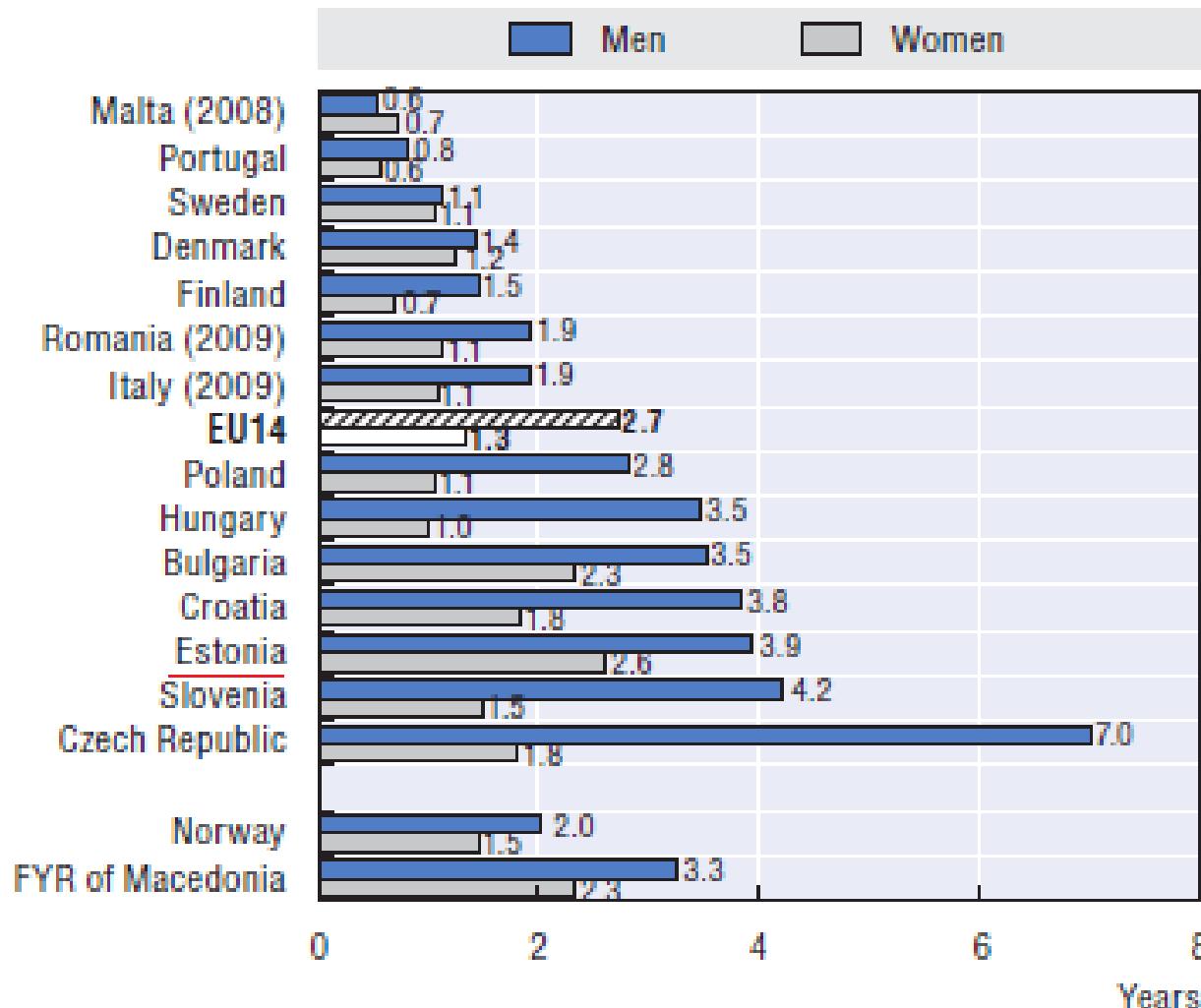
Oodatava eluea ja tervelt elatud aastate suhte osas on arenguruumi

1.2.3. Relationship between life expectancy (LE) and healthy life years (HLY) at 65, 2012



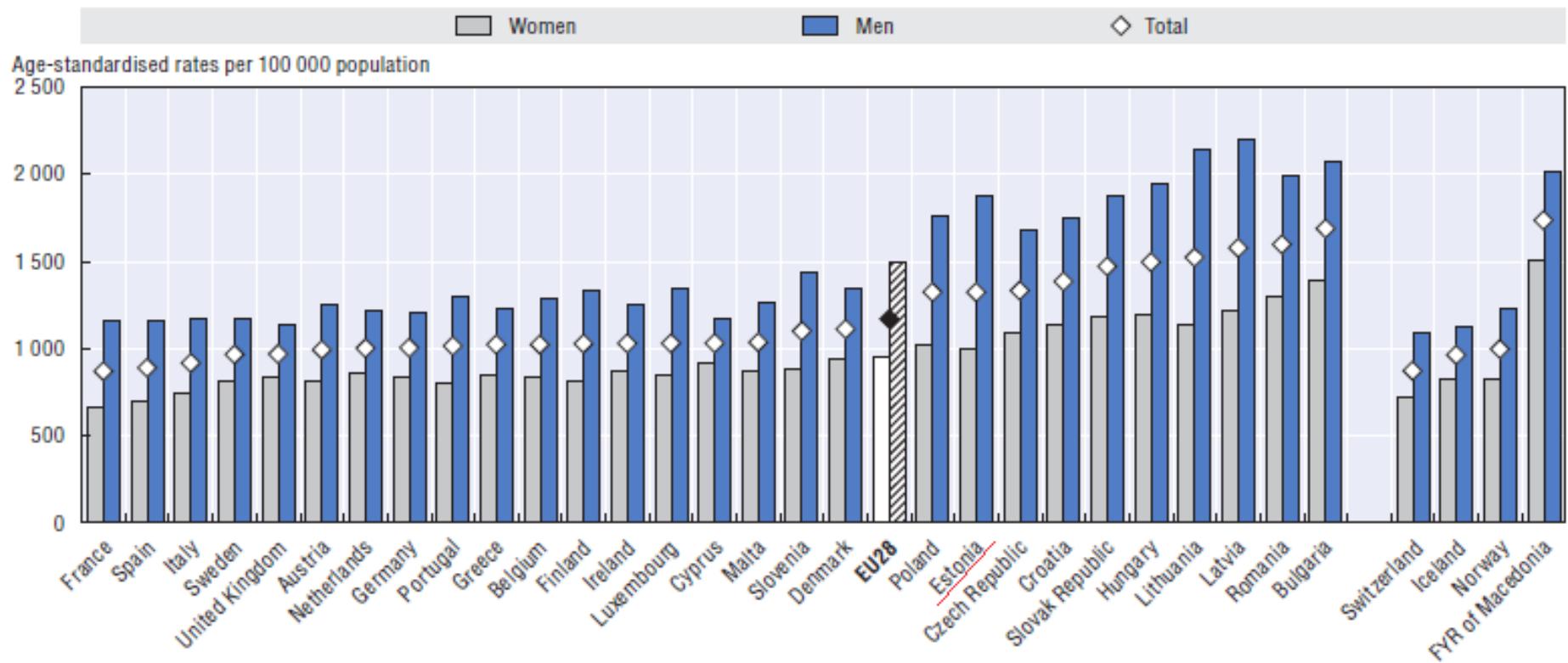
Eksisteerib märgatav oodatava eluea lõhe kõrge ja madala haridustasemega inimeste vahel

1.2.2. Life expectancy gaps between people with high and low level of education at 65, 2010



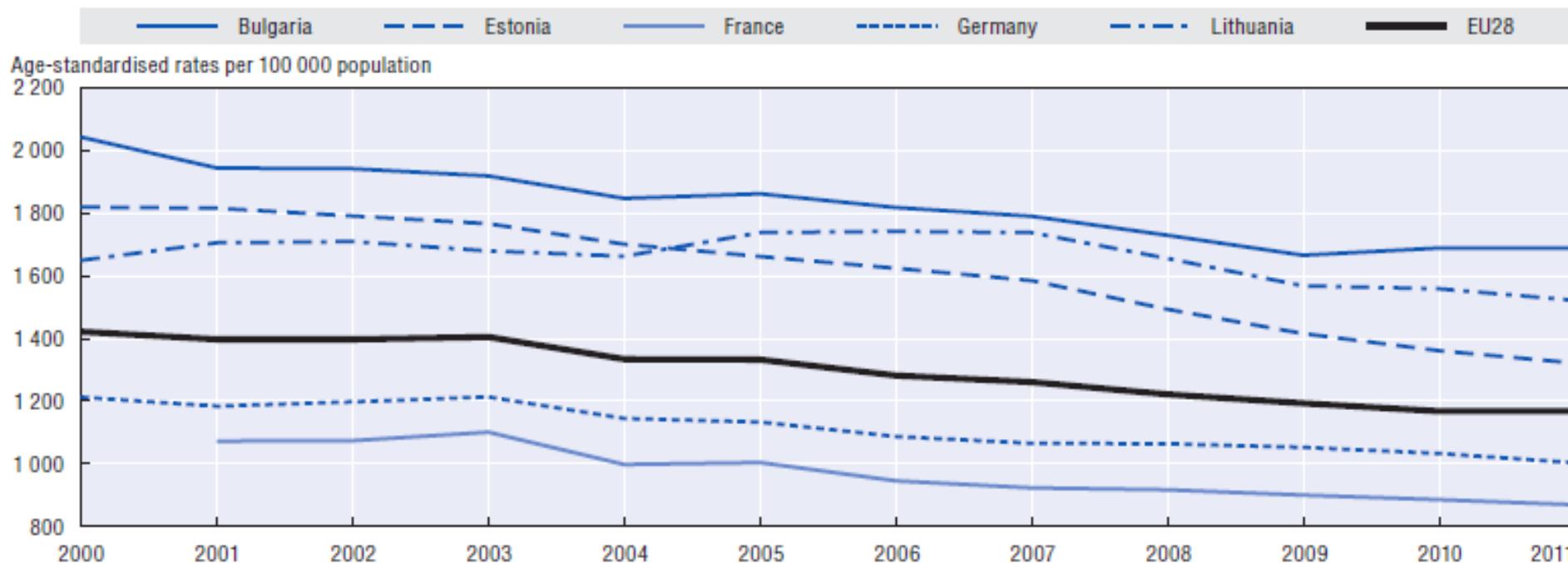
Üldine suremus – meeste osas oleme endiselt silmatorkavad

1.3.1. Mortality rates from all causes of death, 2011

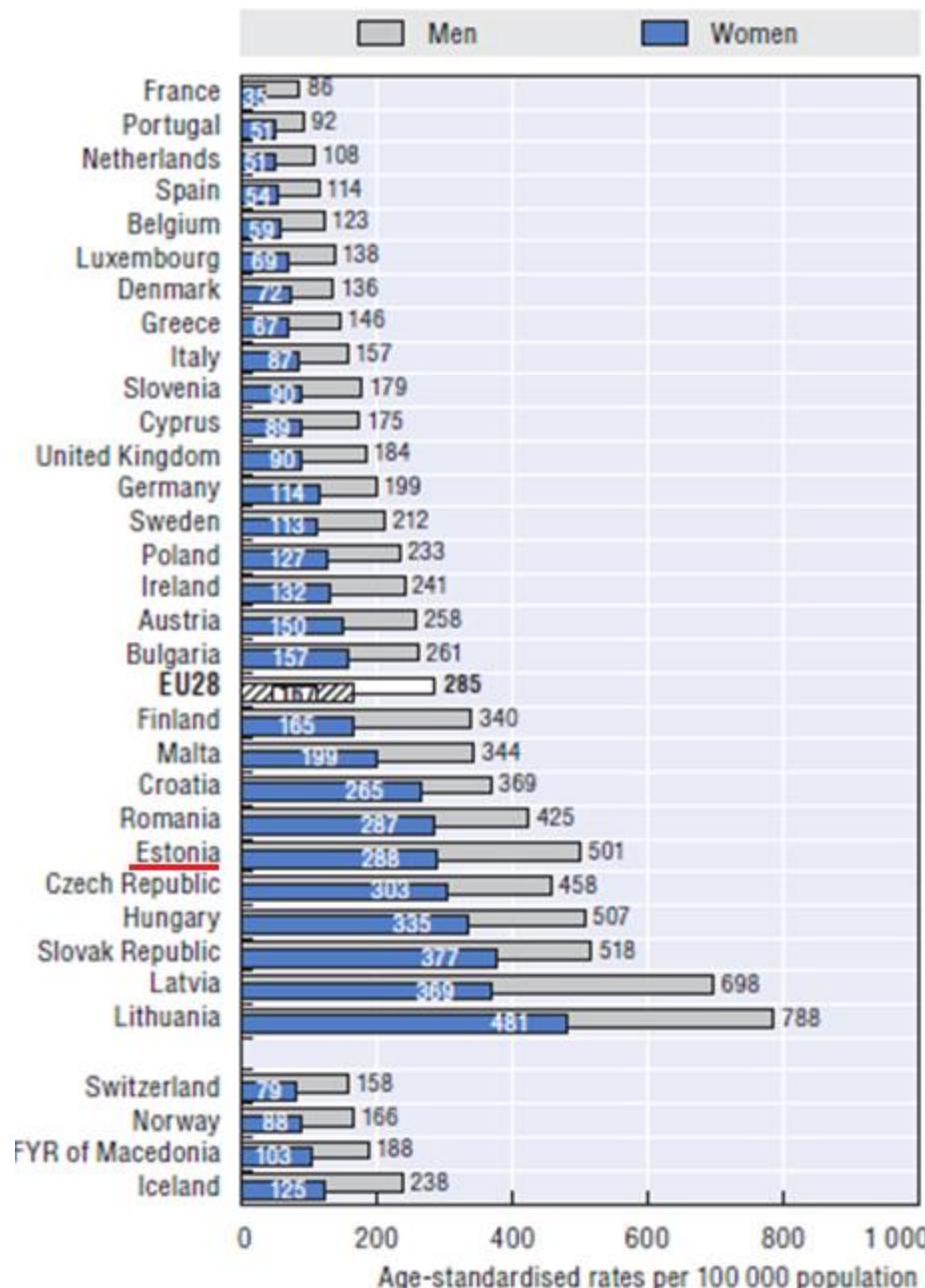


Samas on Eesti suremuse määra muutuse osas trendilt igati positiivne

1.3.2. Trends in mortality rates from all causes of death, selected EU member states, 2000-11



1.4.1. Ischemic heart disease, mortality rates, 2011

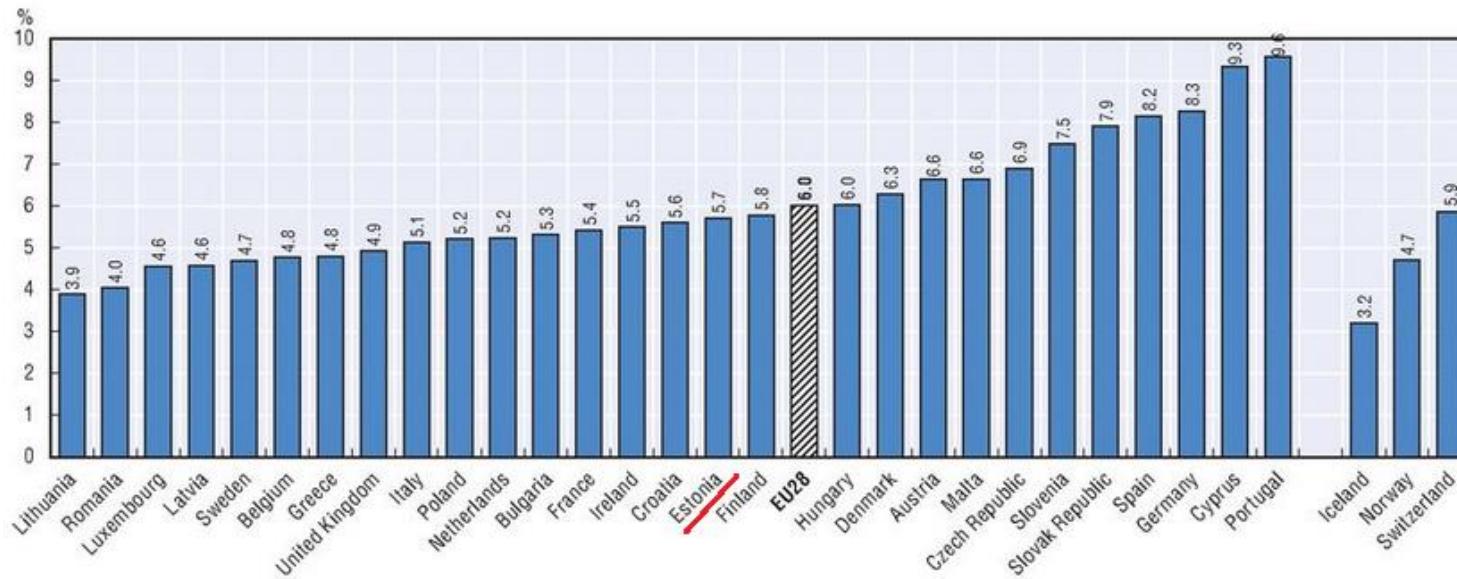


Ülevaade
suremuse
põhjustest oluliste
haiguste lõikes –

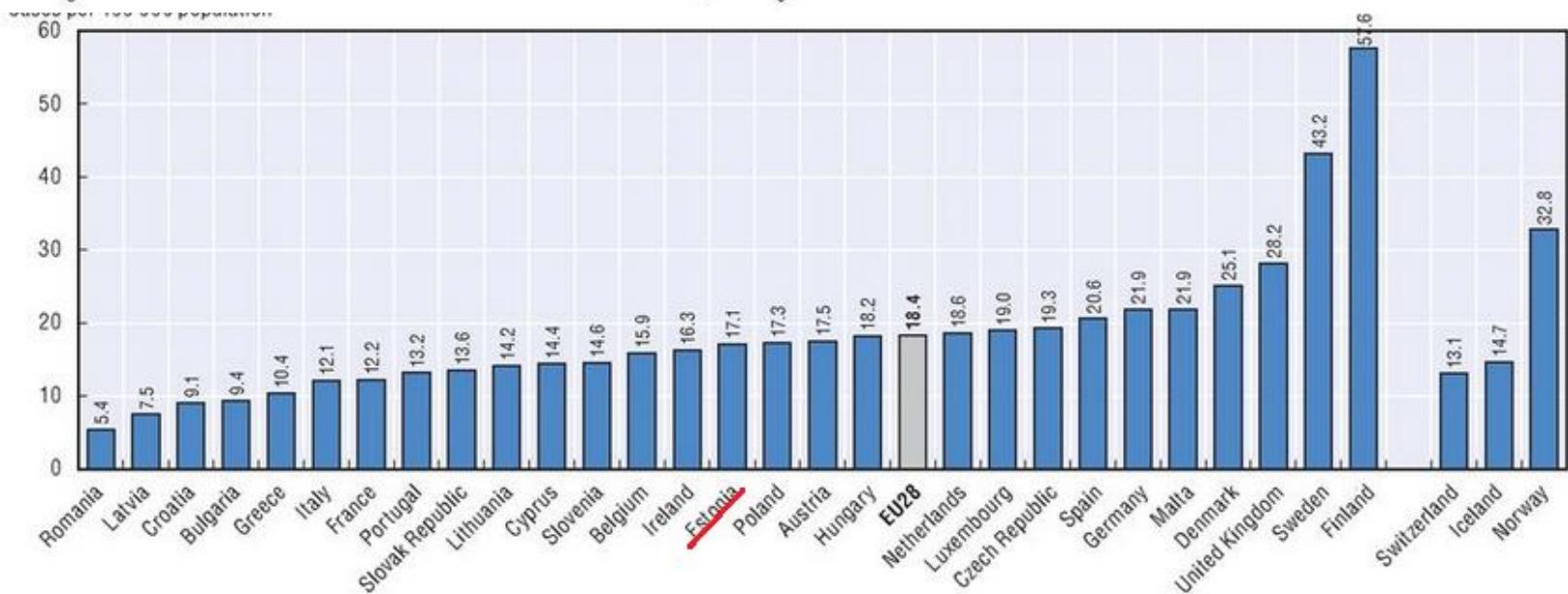
infarkti osas on
arenguvõimalus

Diabeedi levimus täiskasvanutel ja I tüüpi diabeedi levimus lastel (<14): Eesti olukord on hea

1.14.1. Prevalence estimates of diabetes, adults aged 20-79 years, 2013

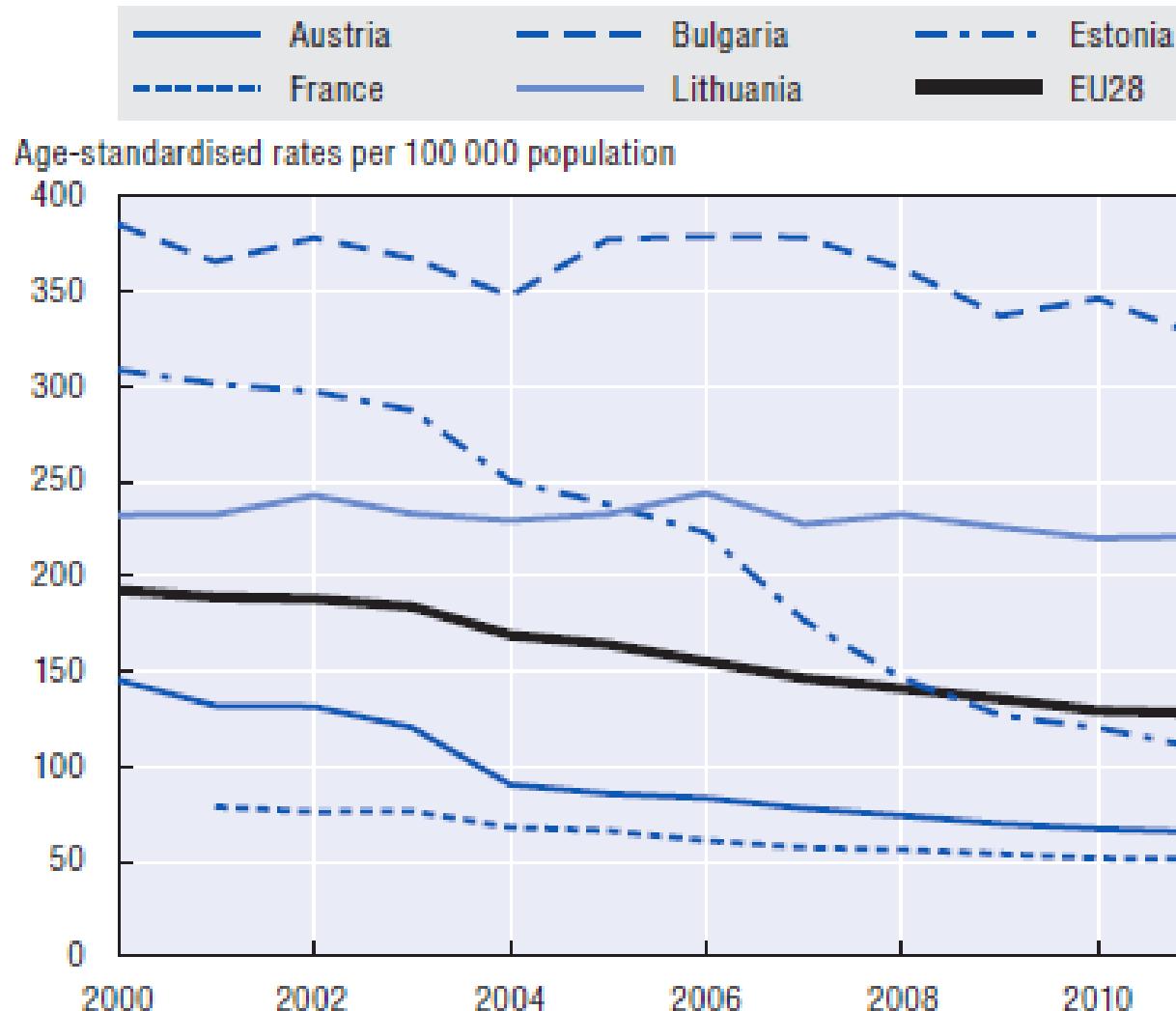


2013



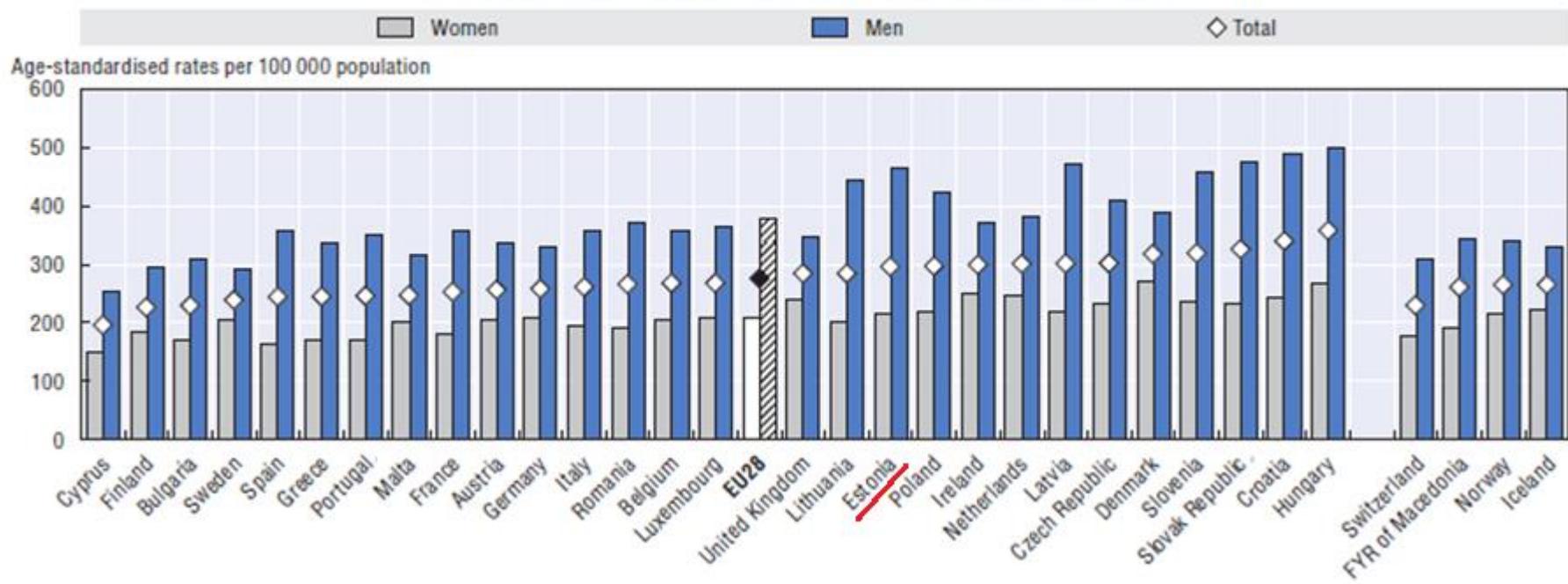
Ülevaade olulistest haigustest - muutus insuldi suremuses on väga hea

1.4.4. Trends in stroke mortality rates, selected EU member states, 2000-11



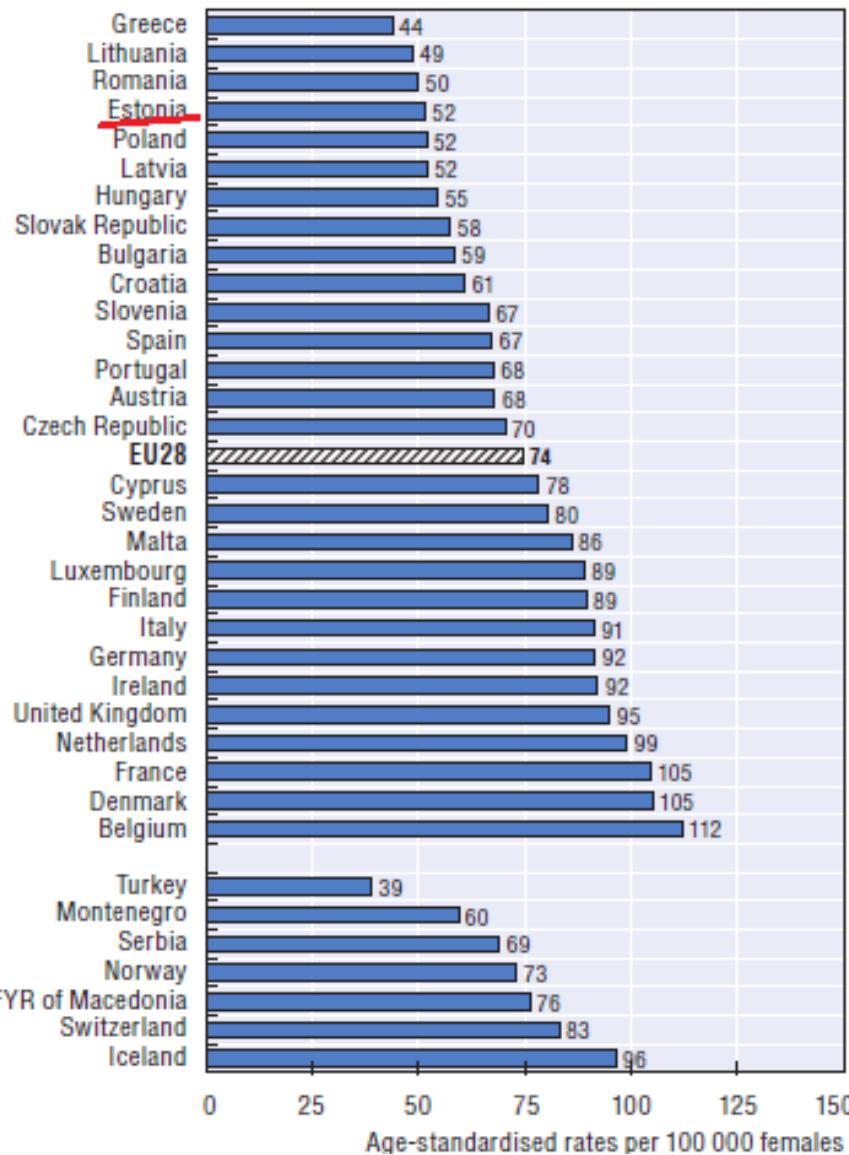
Üldine vanusele standardiseeritud vähisuremus – eelkõige eristume keskmisest meeste osas

1.5.1. All cancers mortality rates, men and women, 2011

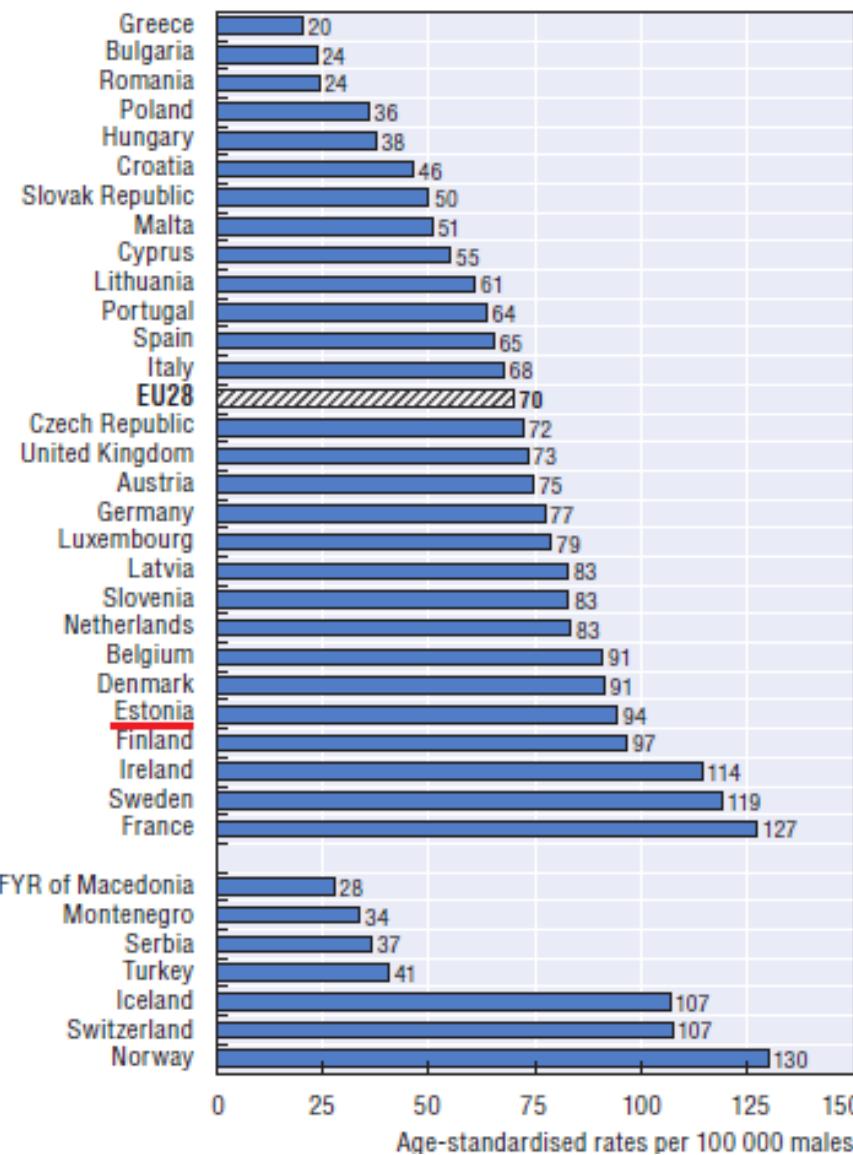


Rinna- ja eesnäärmevähi juhtude arv eristub keskmisest kahes suunas

1.13.2. Breast cancer incidence rates, women, 2012

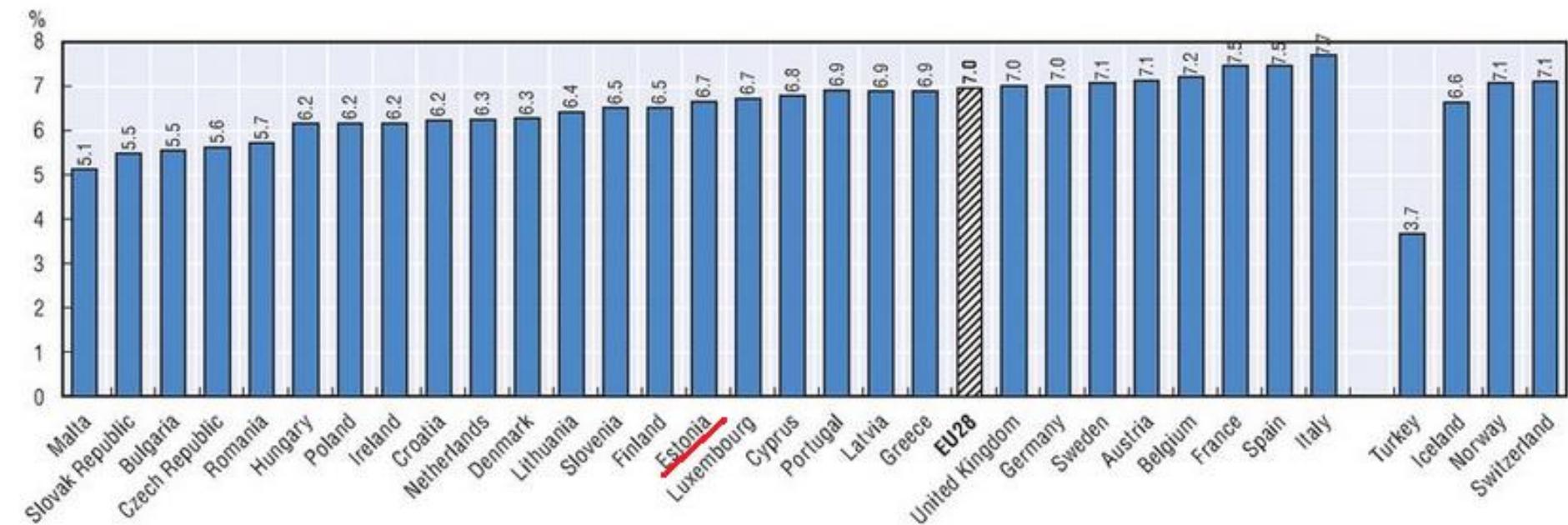


1.13.3. Prostate cancer incidence rates, men, 2012



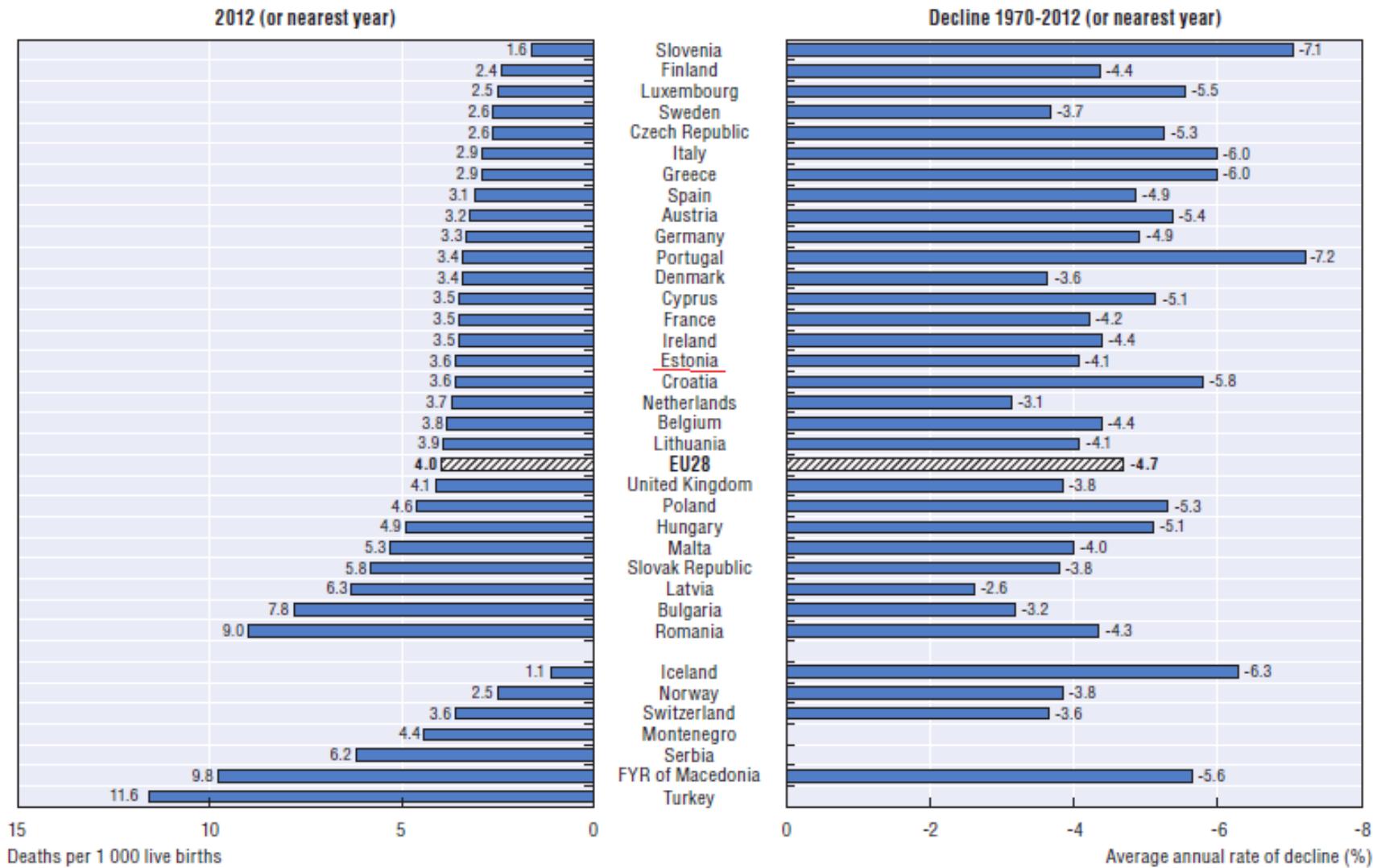
Dementsuse levimus 60+ vanuses – Eesti näitajad on head

1.15.1. Prevalence of dementia, population aged 60 years and over, 2012



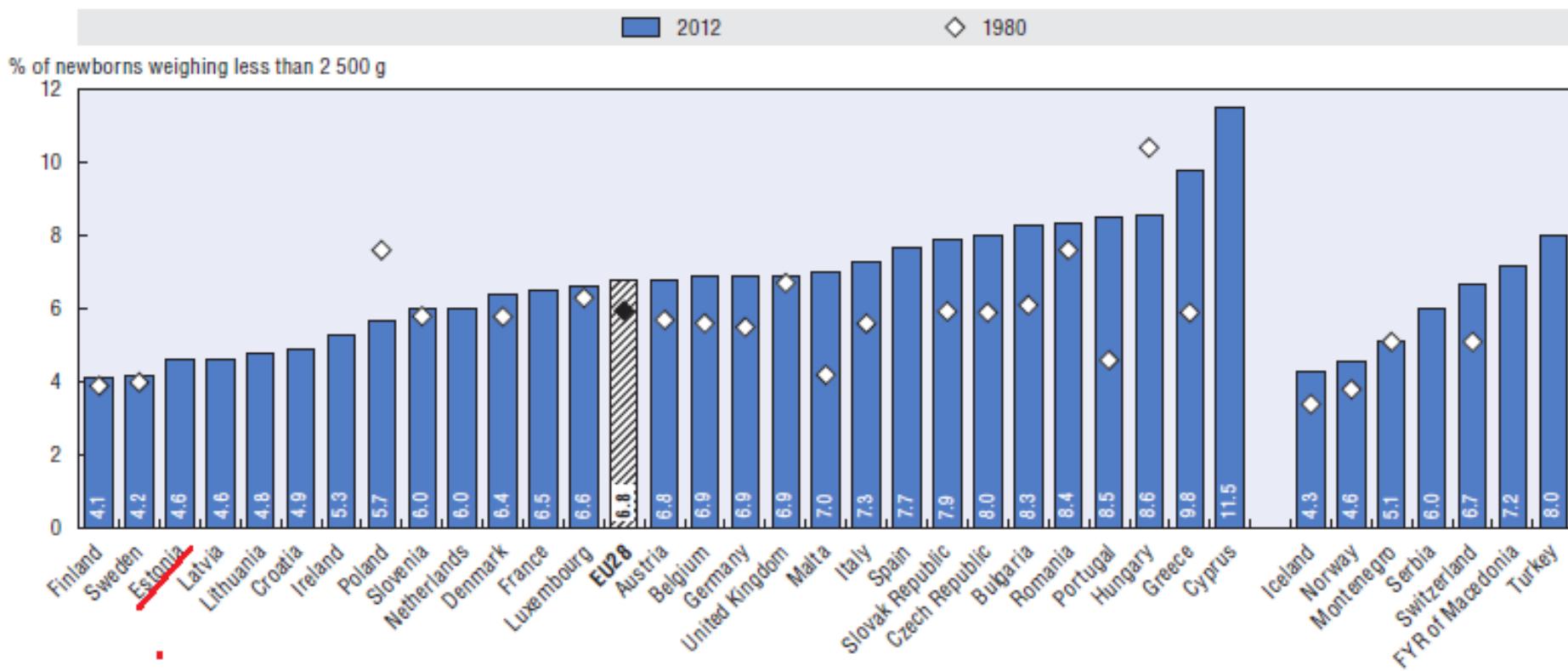
Imikute suremus on madal – oleme jätkuvalt väga heal tasemel

1.8.1. Infant mortality rates, 2012 and decline 1970-2012



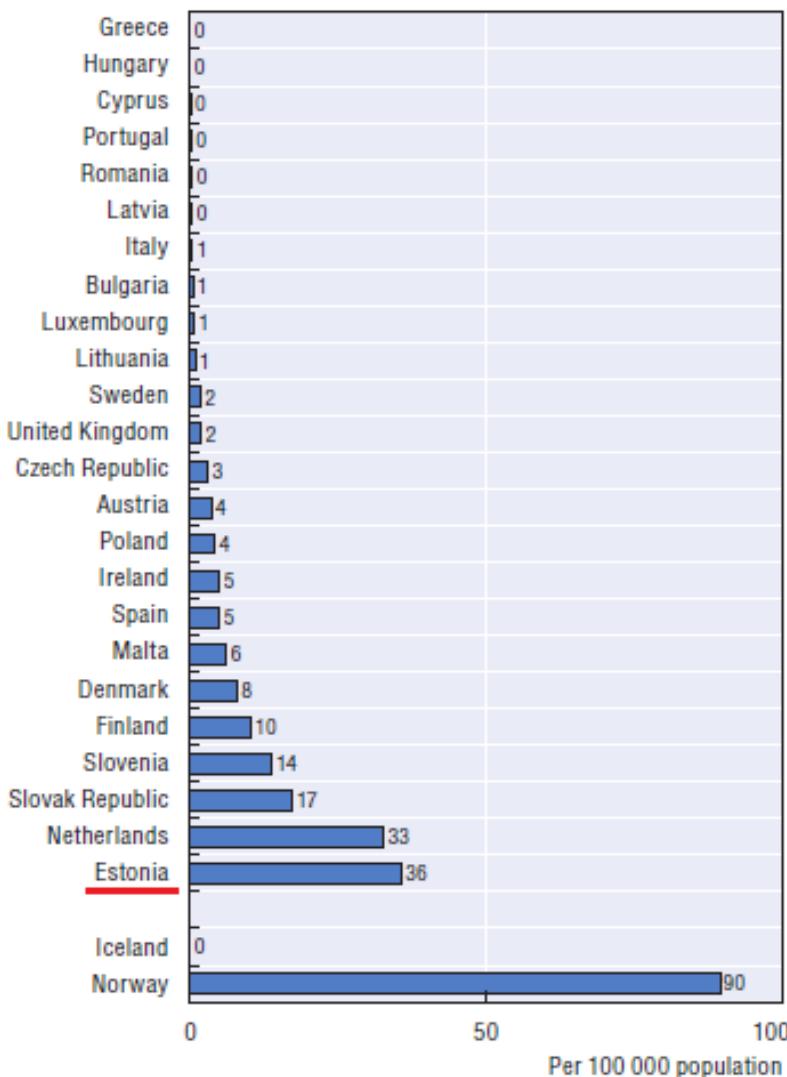
Väikse sünnikaaluga imikutega tuleb Eesti tervishoid väga hästi toime

1.9.1. Low birth weight infants, 1980 and 2012

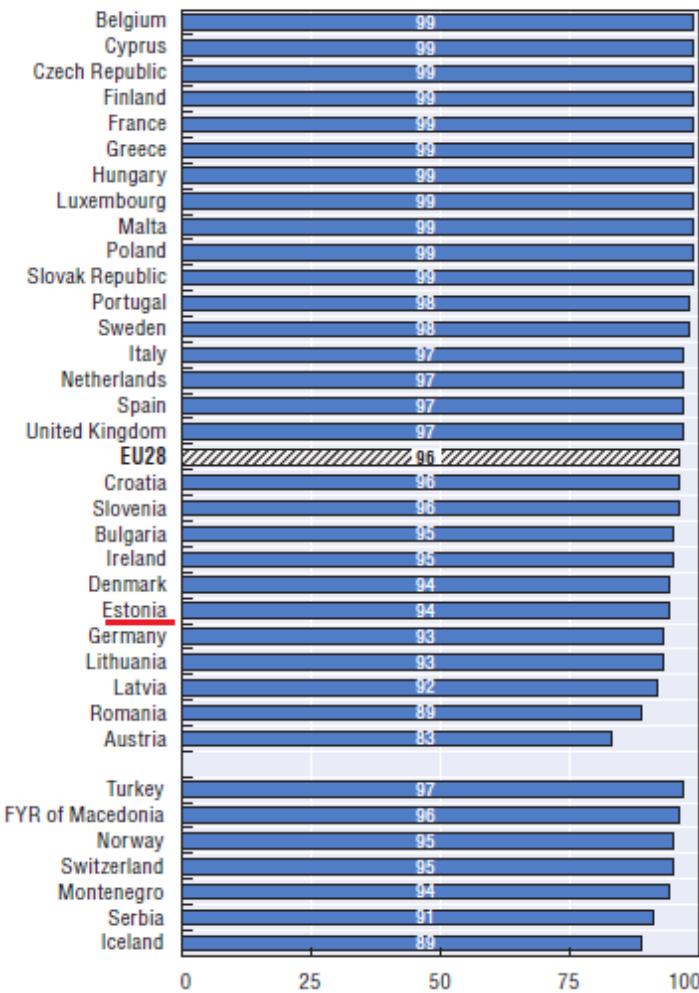


Nakkushaigused on hästi kontrolli all, samas ei tohi jäätta tähelepanuta – näiteks läkaköha registreerimise ja vaktsineerimise määär

1.11.2. Notification rate of pertussis, 2011

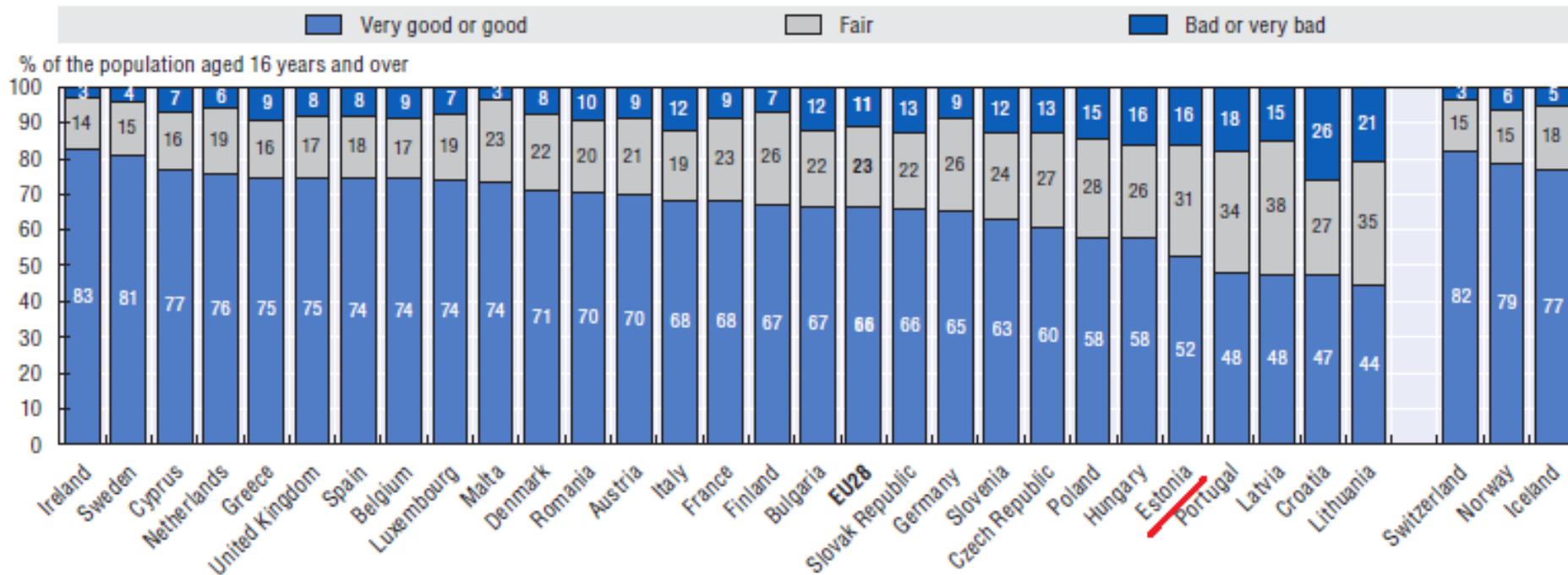


4.9.1. Vaccination against diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis, children aged 1, 2012



Elanike enesehinnang terviseseisundile – keskmisteni ei ole veel jõudnud

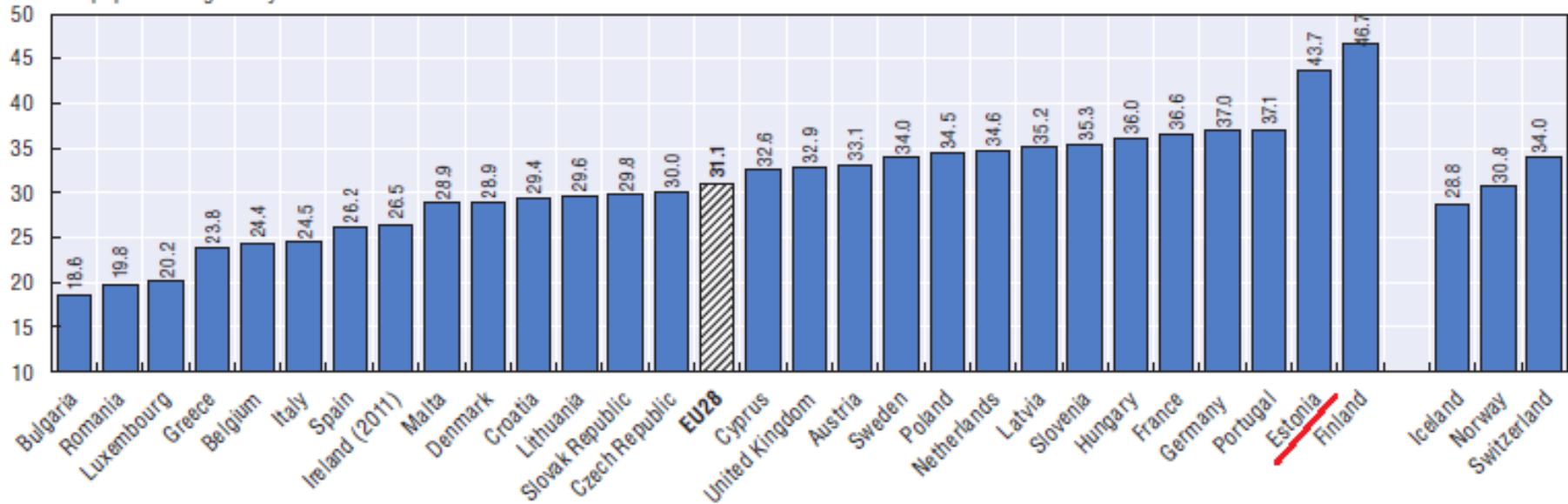
1.10.1. Self-reported health status, 2012



Hinnang pikaajalisele haigusele või terviseprobleemile kinnitab sama

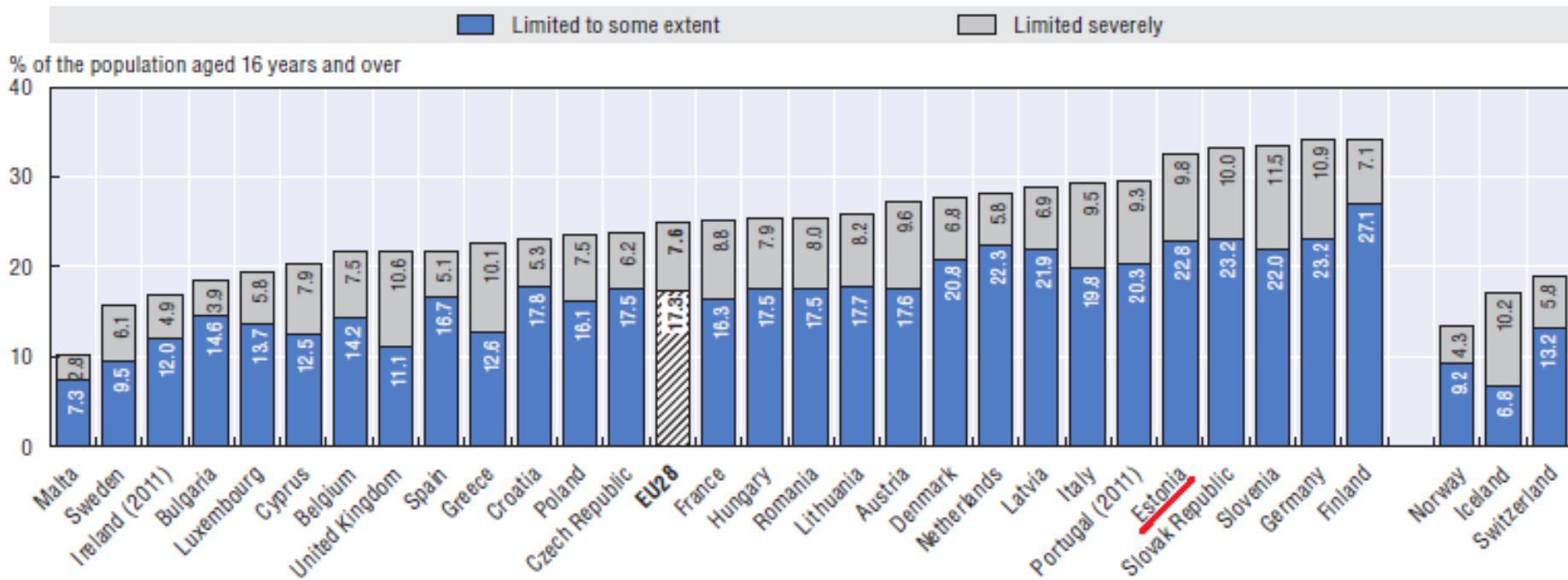
1.10.2. Self-reported long-standing illness or health problem, 2012

% of the population aged 16 years and over



Hinnangutes pikajalistes terviseprobleemides ja igapäeva elu tegevuste piirangutes on aruandes nimetatud Eesti sarnasust naaberriigiga

1.10.3. Self-reported limitation in usual activities, 2012



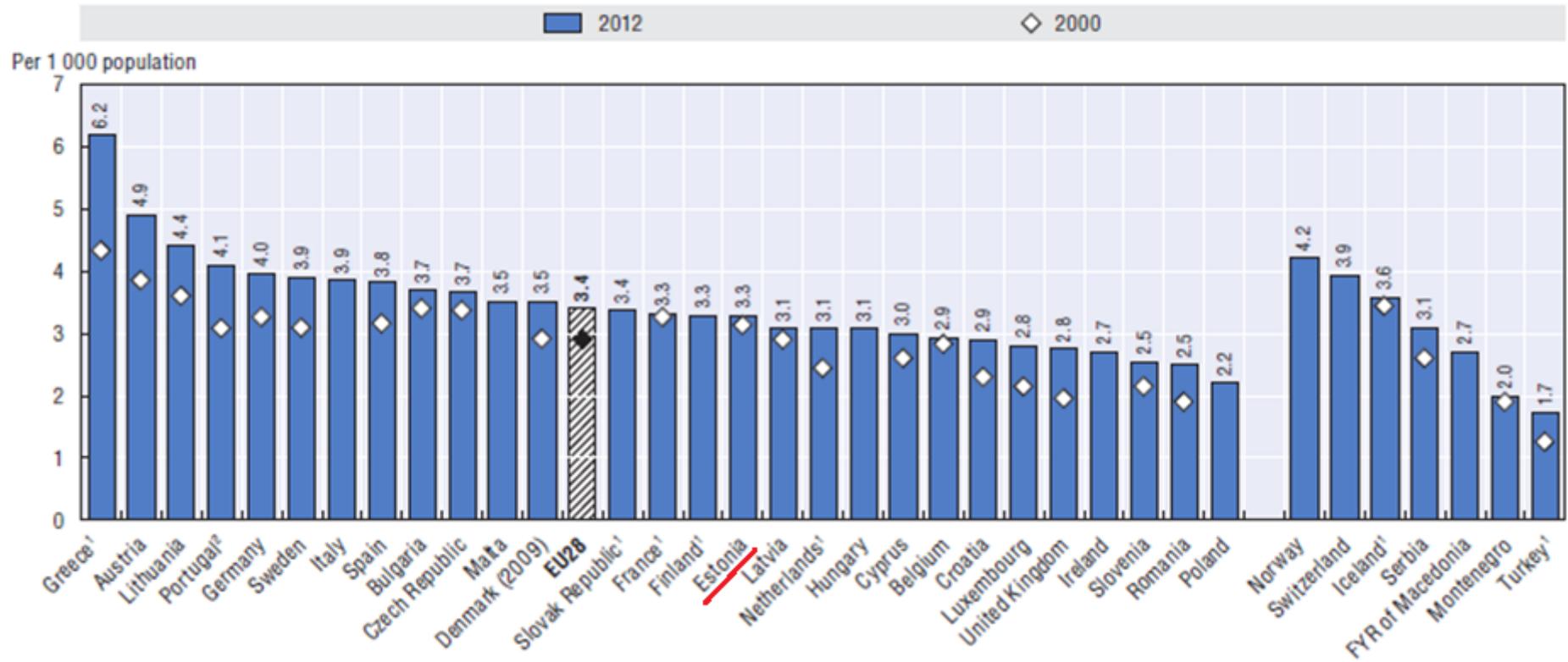


Eesti
Haigekassa

TERVISHOIUSÜSTEEMI PEAMISI NÄITAJAID

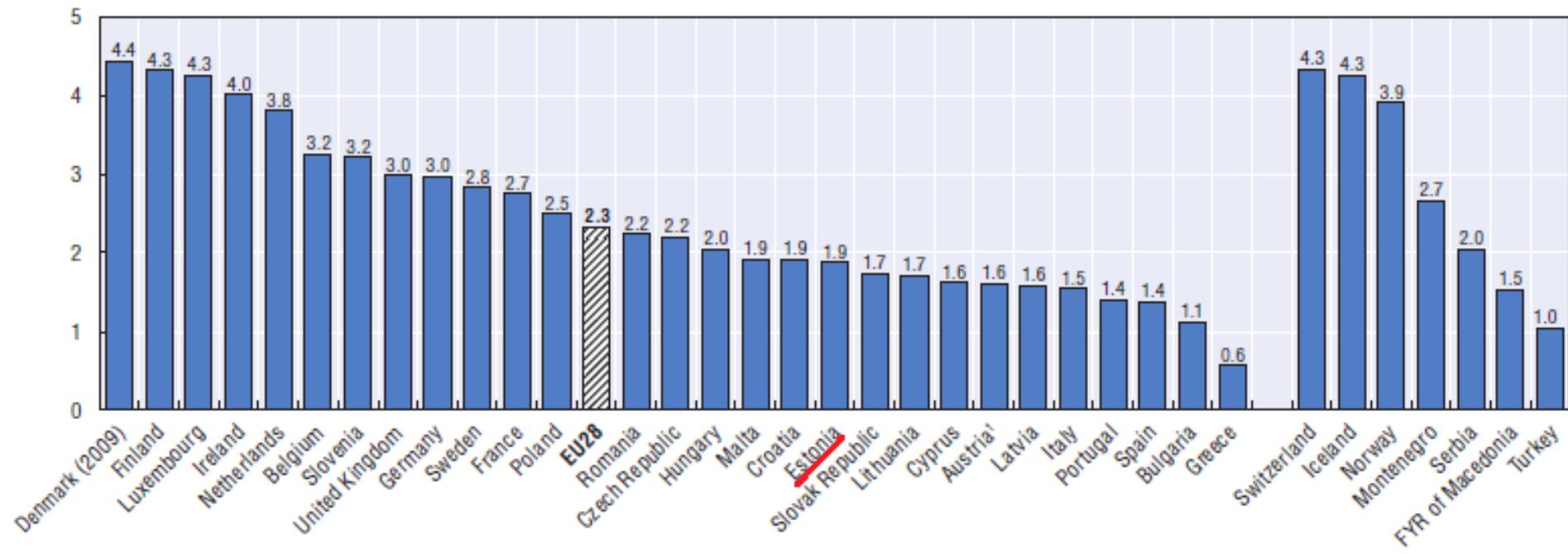
Arstide hulk 1000 elaniku kohta on Eestis üsna heal tasemel

3.1.1. Practising doctors per 1 000 population, 2000 and 2012 (or nearest year)



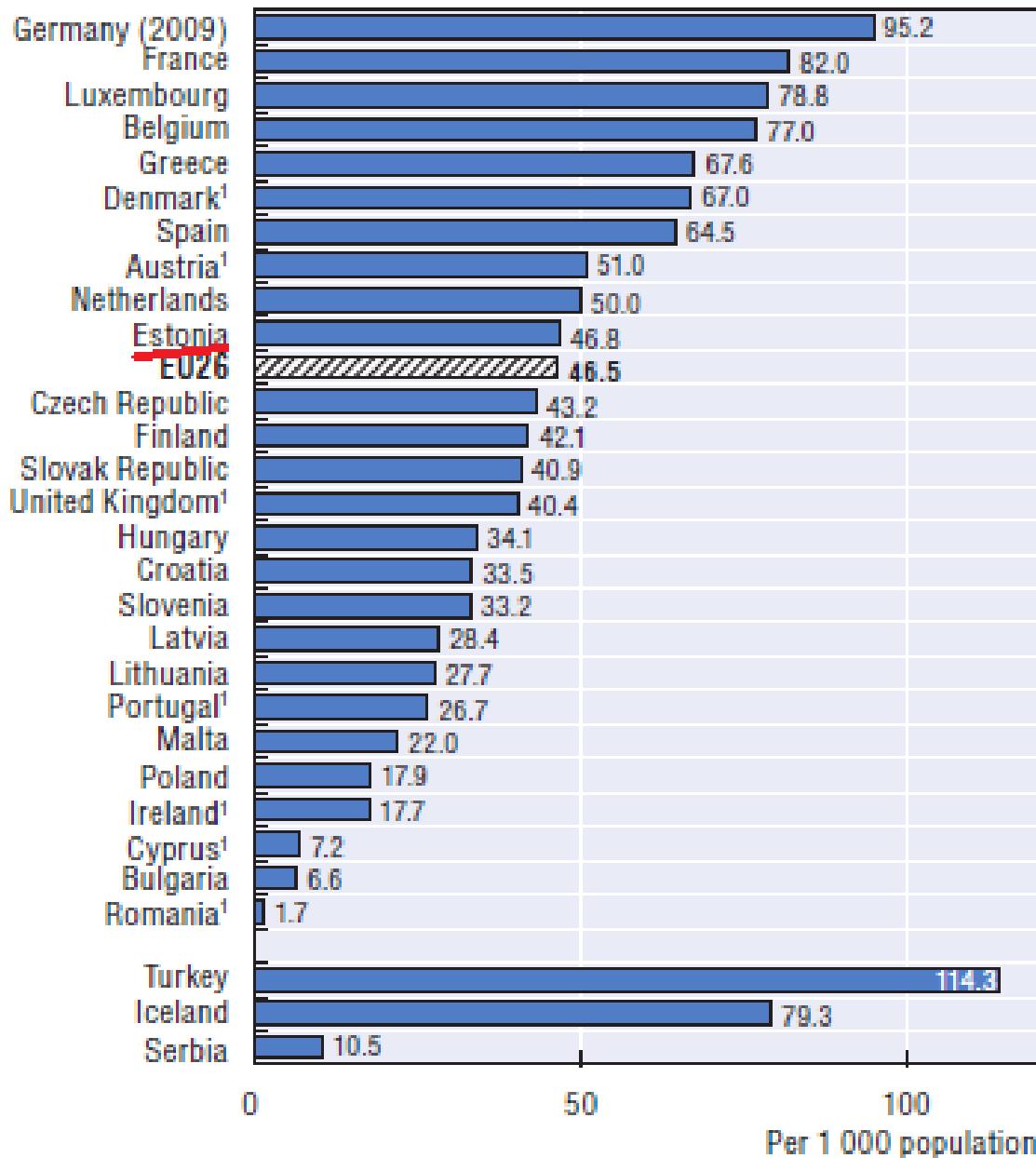
Õdede suhe arstidesse nõuab tähelepanu

3.3.2. Ratio of nurses to physicians, 2012 (or nearest year)

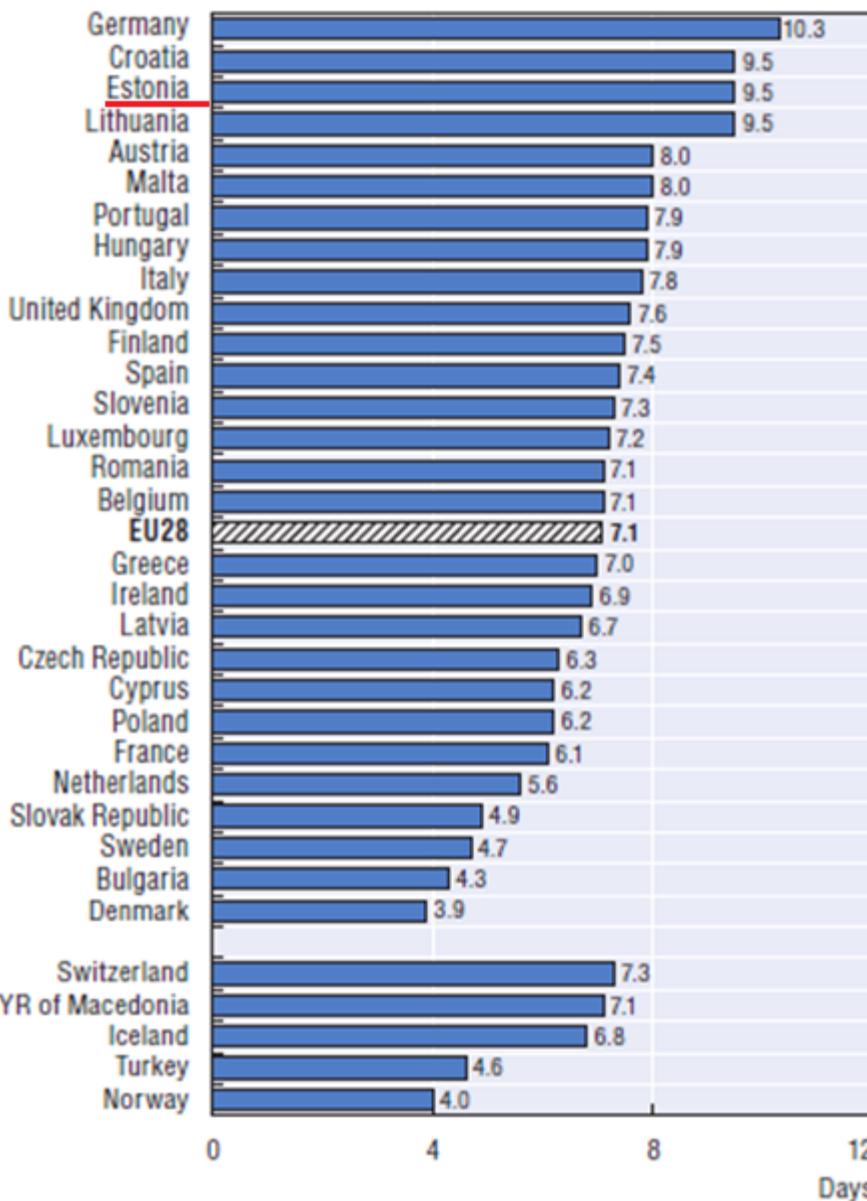


3.4.3. MRI exams, 2012 (or nearest year)

MRT uuringute osas
1000 isiku kohta on
Eesti juba üle
keskmise



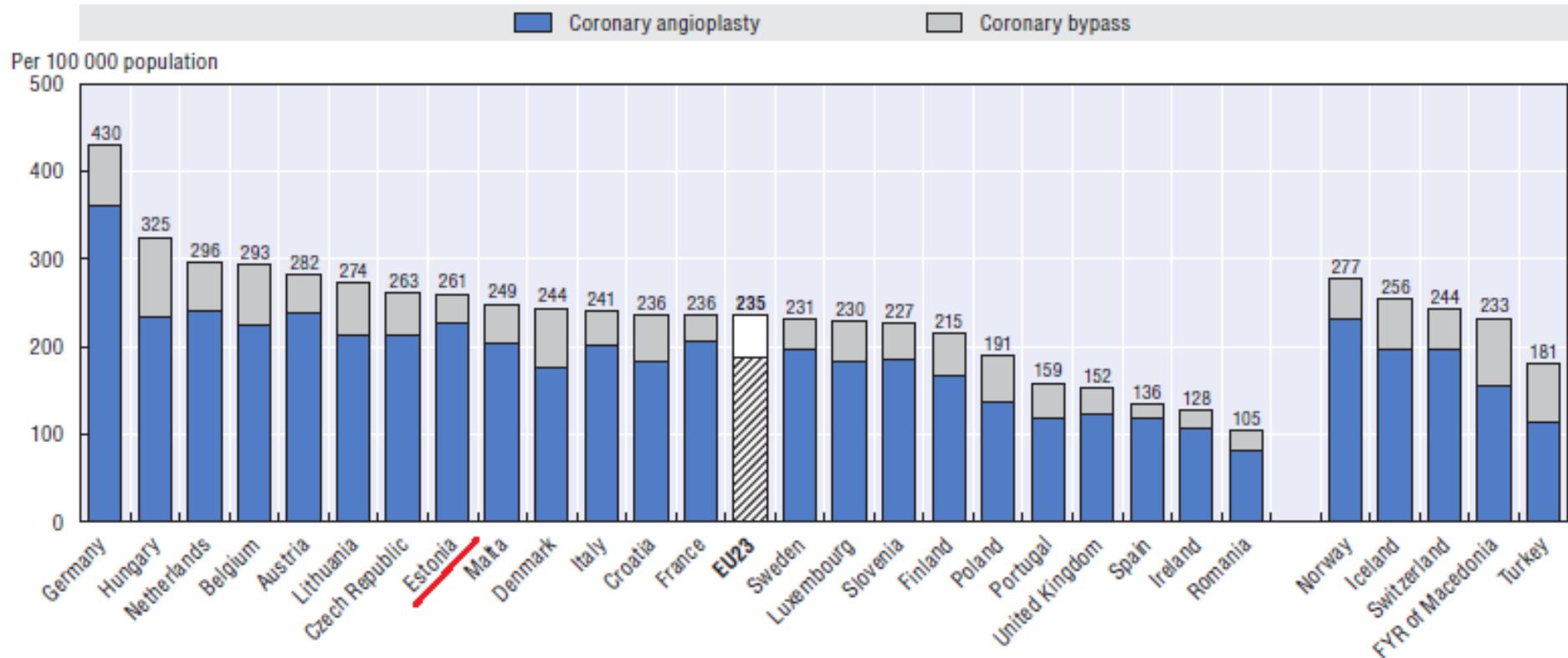
3.7.3. Average length of stay for acute myocardial infarction (AMI), 2012 (or nearest year)



Keskmise haiglas viibimine
ägeda infarkti puhul ületab
keskmist

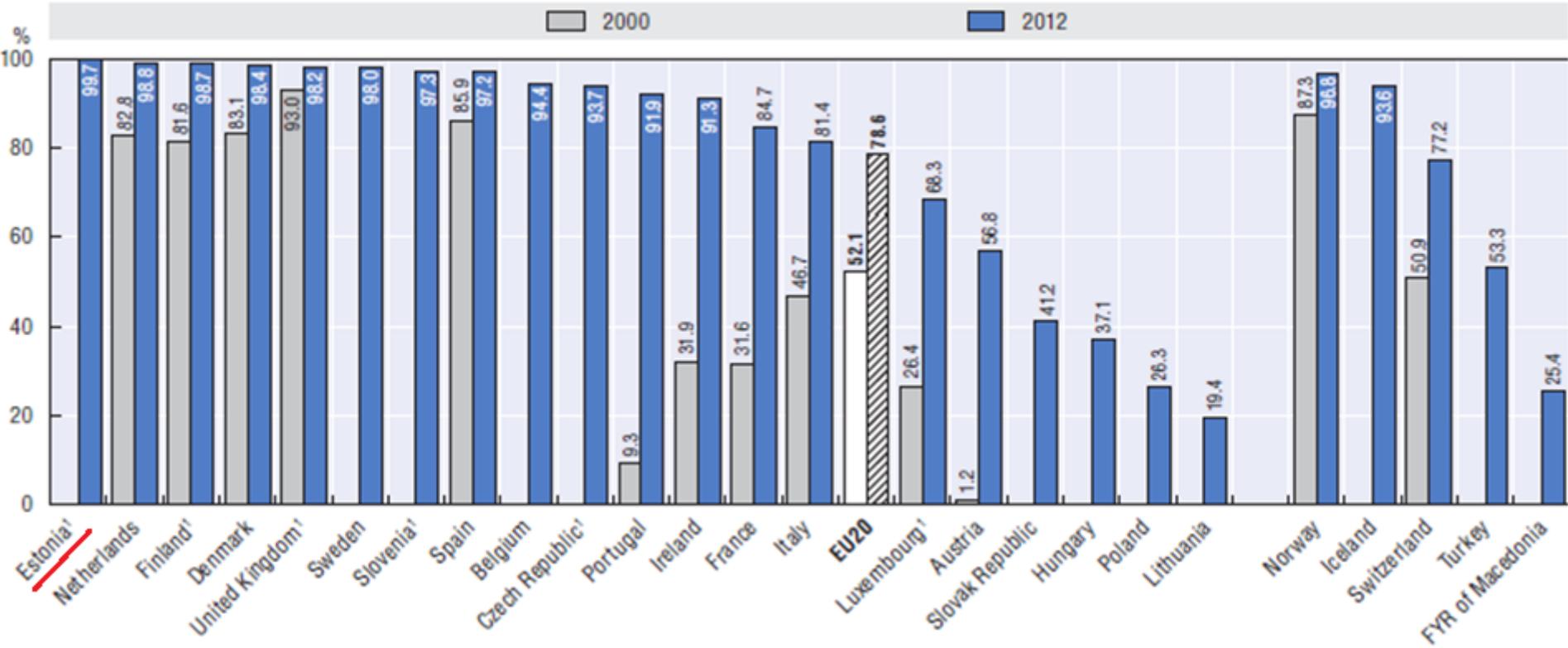
Revaskulariseerimise arv samas ületas juba 2012. aastal keskmist

3.8.1. Coronary revascularisation procedures, 2012 (or nearest year)



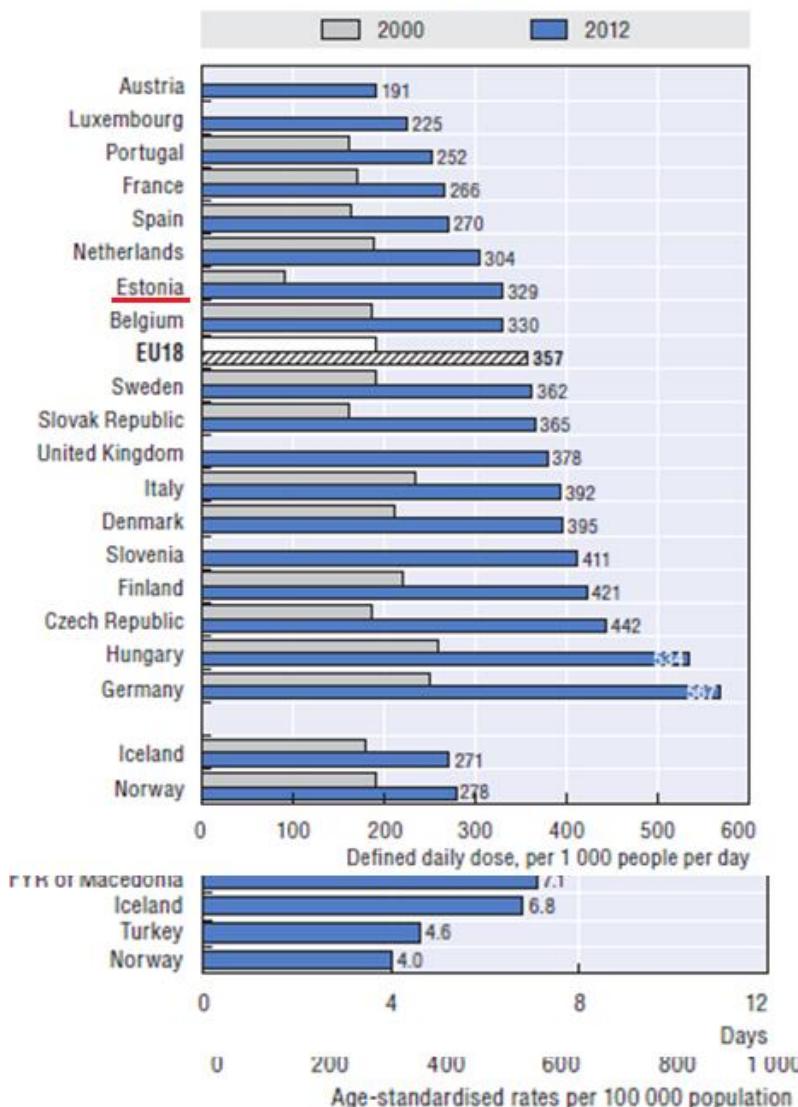
Katarakti operatsioonides päevakirurgiana oleme parimad

3.9.1. Share of cataract surgeries carried out as day cases, 2000 and 2012 (or nearest year)

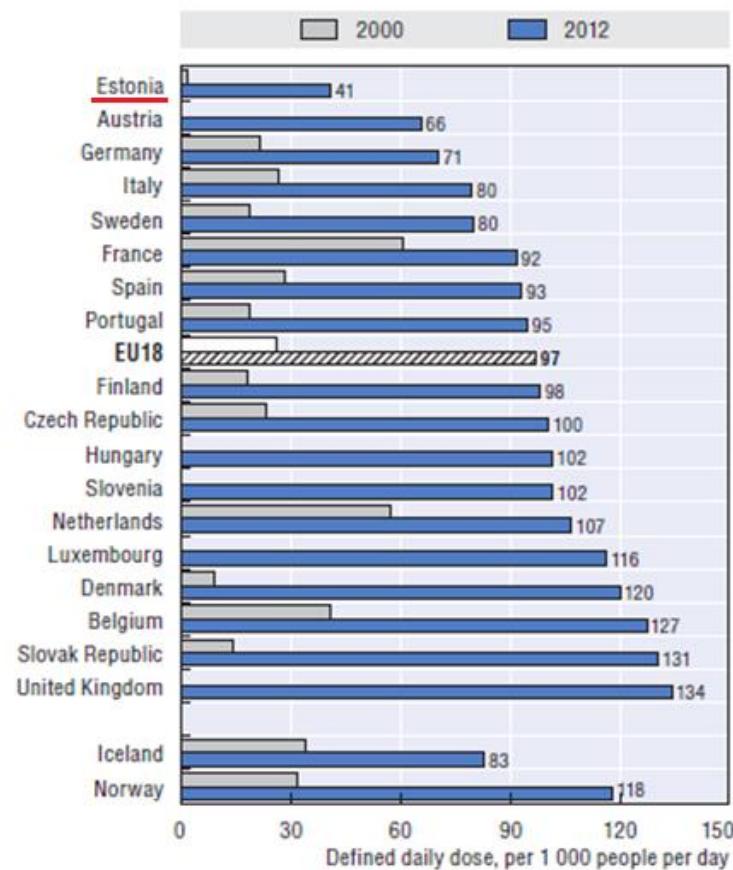


Ravimite kasutamine on osade haiguste puhul oluliselt edenenud

**3.11.1. Hypertension drugs consumption, 2000 and 2012
(or nearest year)**



**3.11.2. Anticholesterols consumption, 2000 and 2012
(or nearest year)**



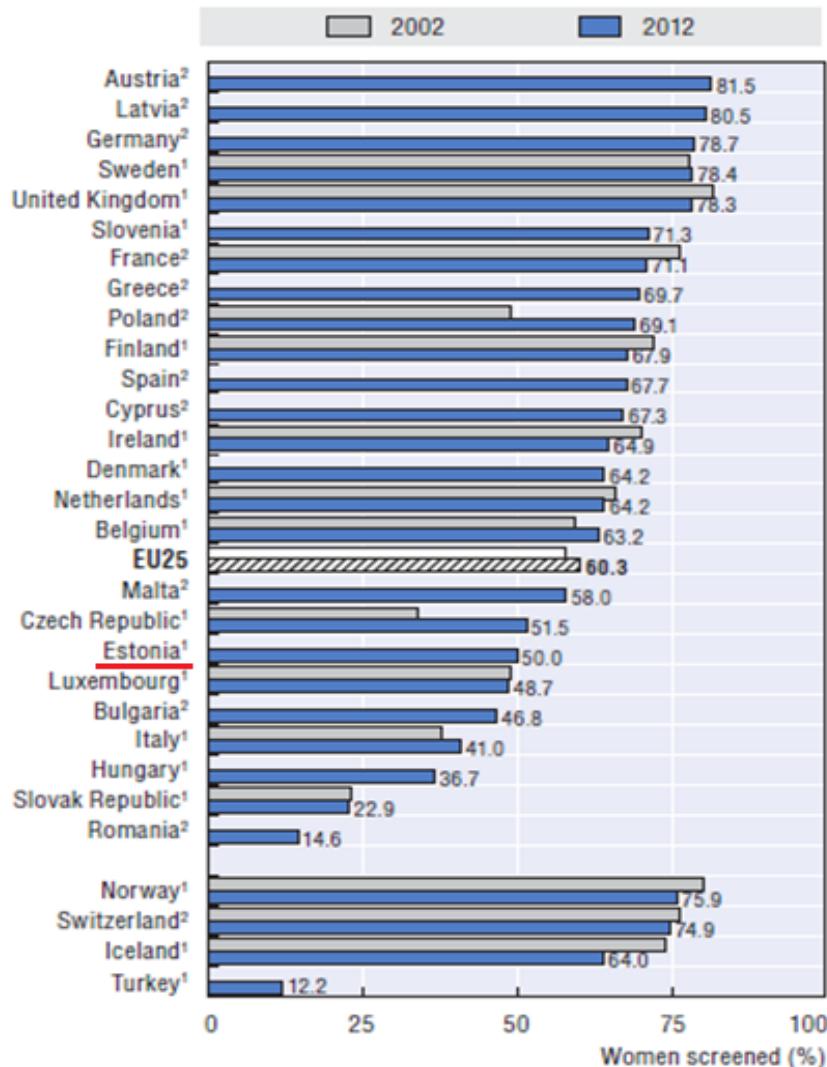
Kvaliteedinäitajad Eesti kohta aruandes sageli puuduvad

Näiteks ei ole esitatud

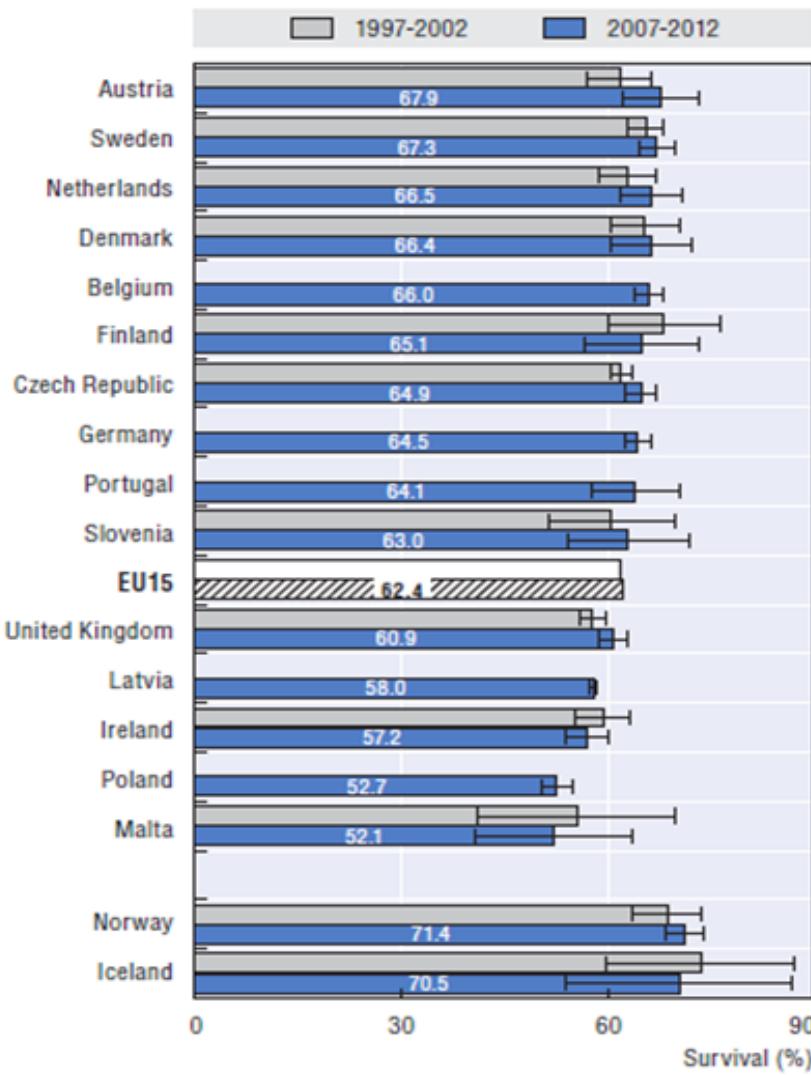
- 30 päeva suremus, sh
 - infarkti ja insuldi suremus \geq 45-aastastel
- operatsioonijärgne sepsis jm tüsistused

Emakakaelavähi skriiningu ja suremuse kohta on osaliselt teaveolemas

4.6.1. Cervical cancer screening in women aged 20-69, 2002 to 2012 (or nearest year)



4.6.2. Cervical cancer five-year relative survival, 1997-2002 and 2007-2012 (or nearest period)

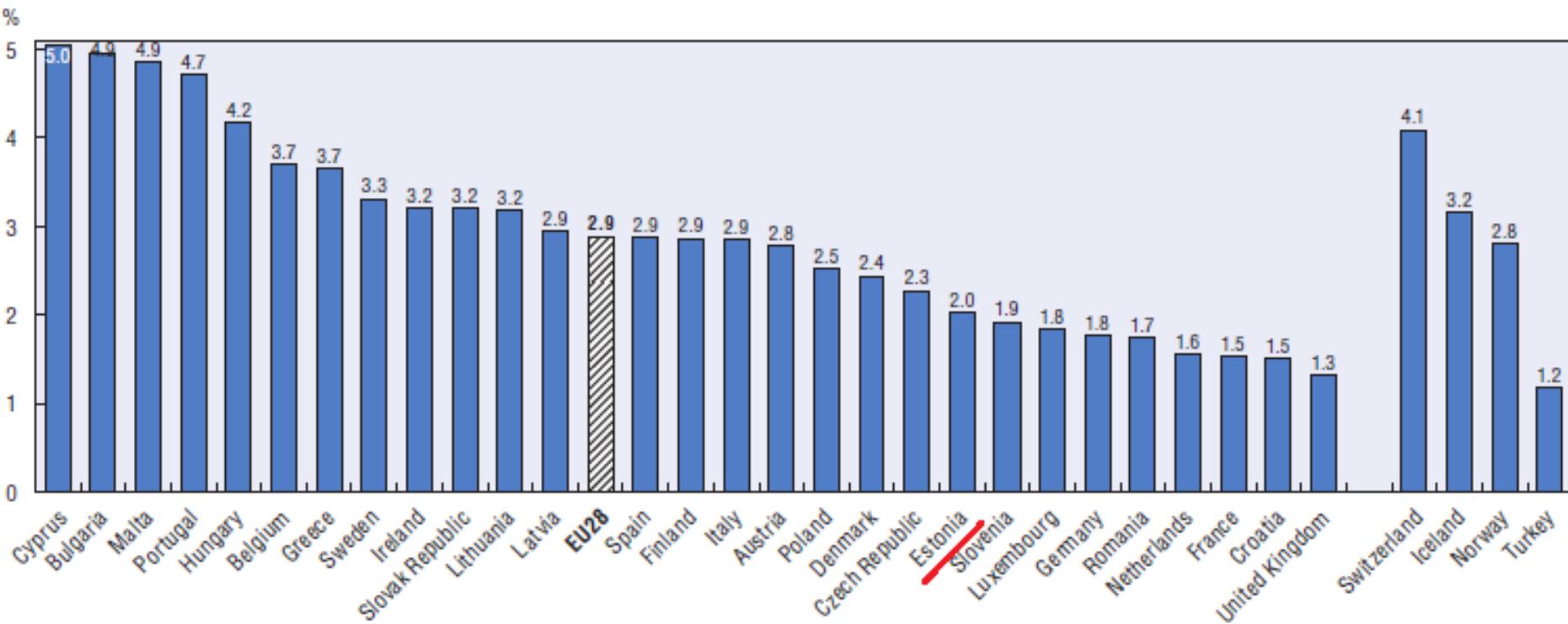




TERVISHOIU FINANTSEERIMINE

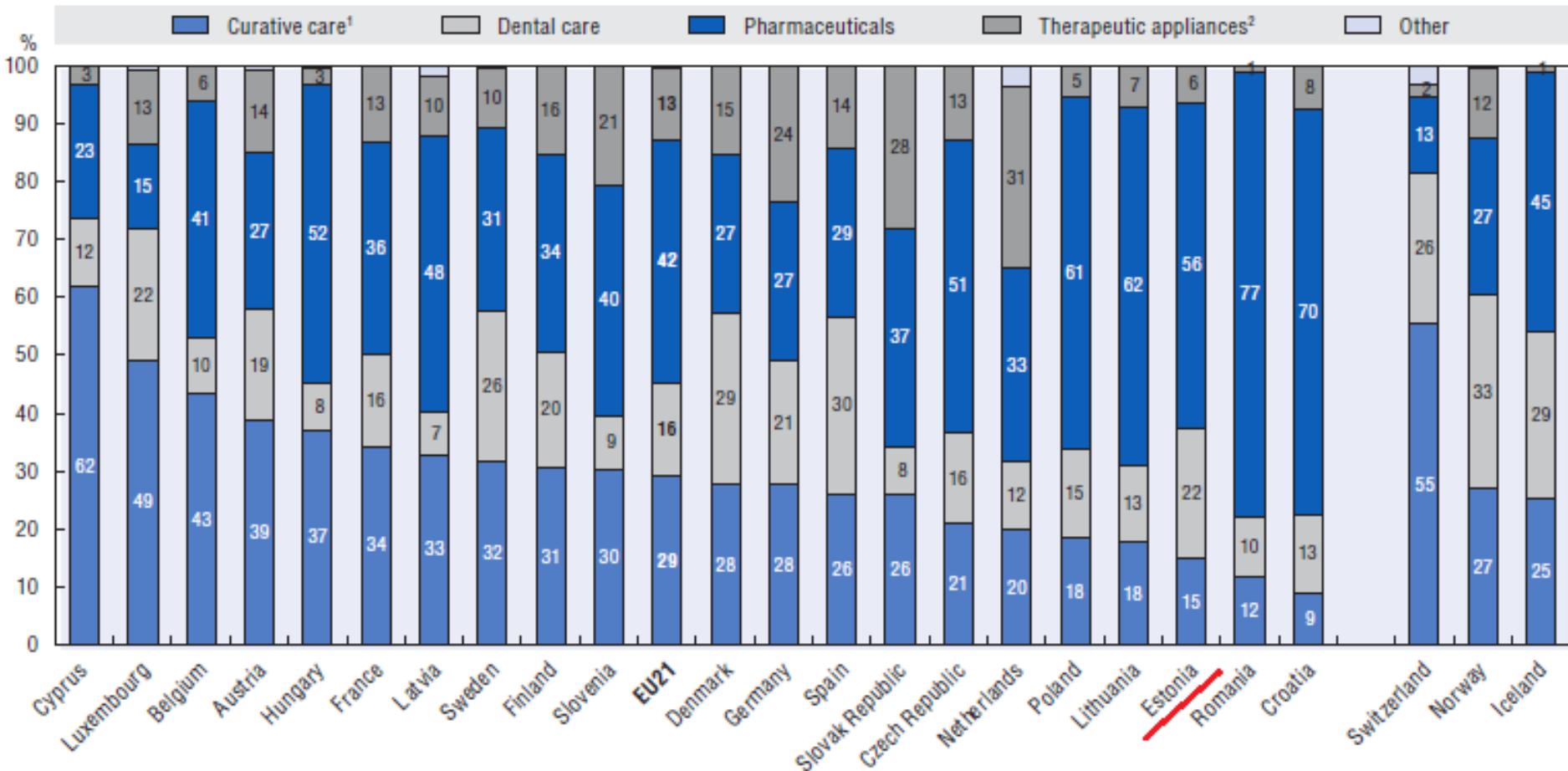
Majapidamiste (leibkonna) tervishoiukulude omaosalus on mõistlik

5.2.1. Out-of-pocket medical spending as a share of final household consumption, 2012 (or nearest year)



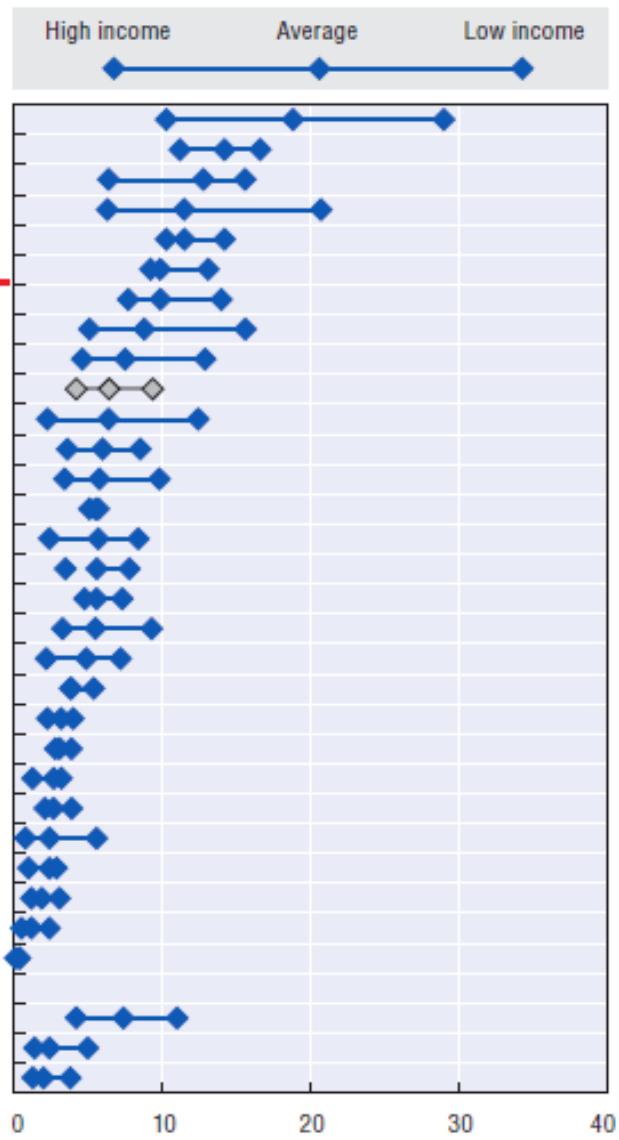
Omaosalus tervishoiukulude lõikes jaguneb enamasti ebaühtlaselt, nii ka Eestis

5.2.2. Shares of out-of-pocket medical spending by services and goods, 2012 (or nearest year)

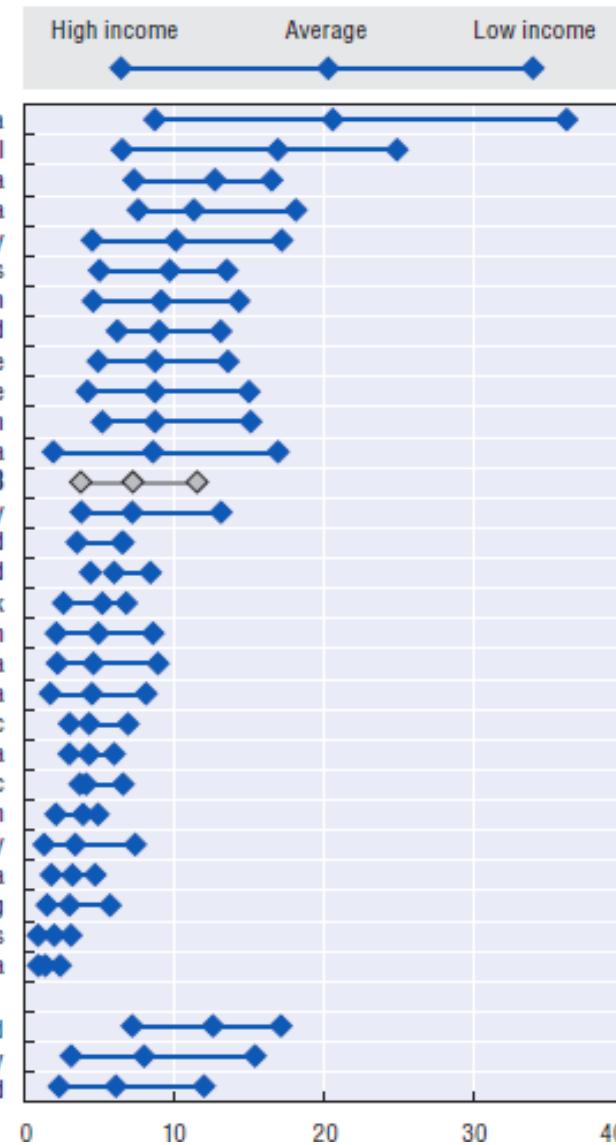


Arstliku läbivaatuse katmata vajadus on eelkõige hambaravis

5.4.1. Unmet need for a medical examination (financial or other reasons), by income quintile, 2012

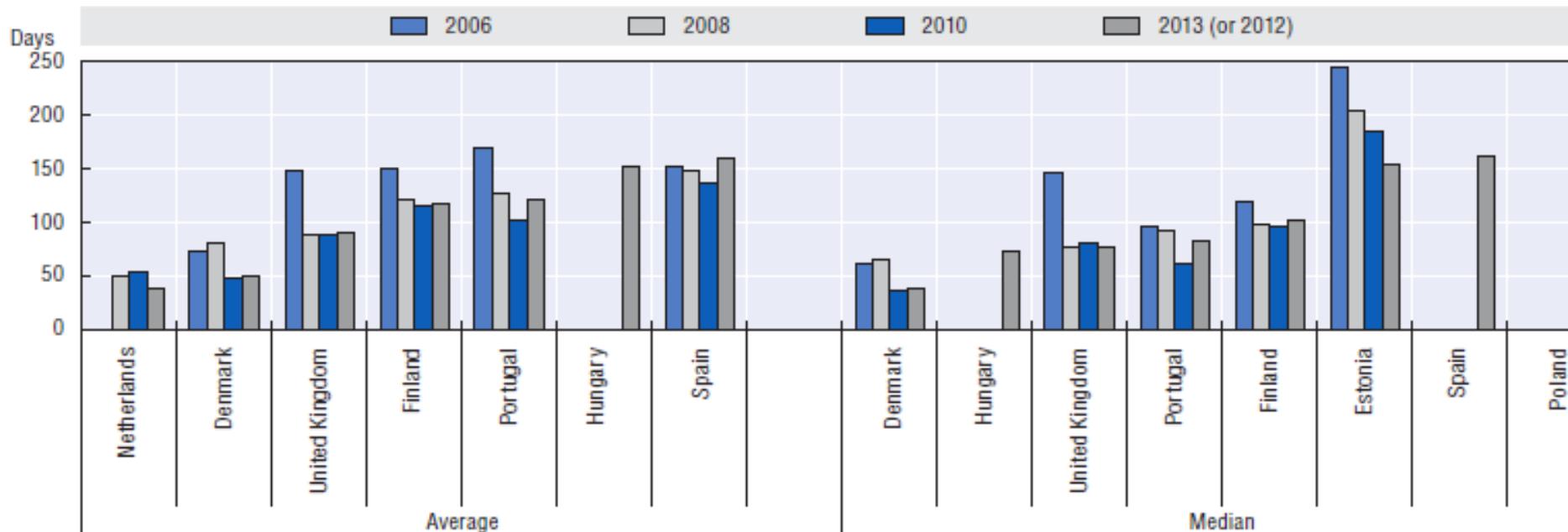


5.4.2. Unmet need for a dental examination (for financial or other reasons), by income quintile, 2012



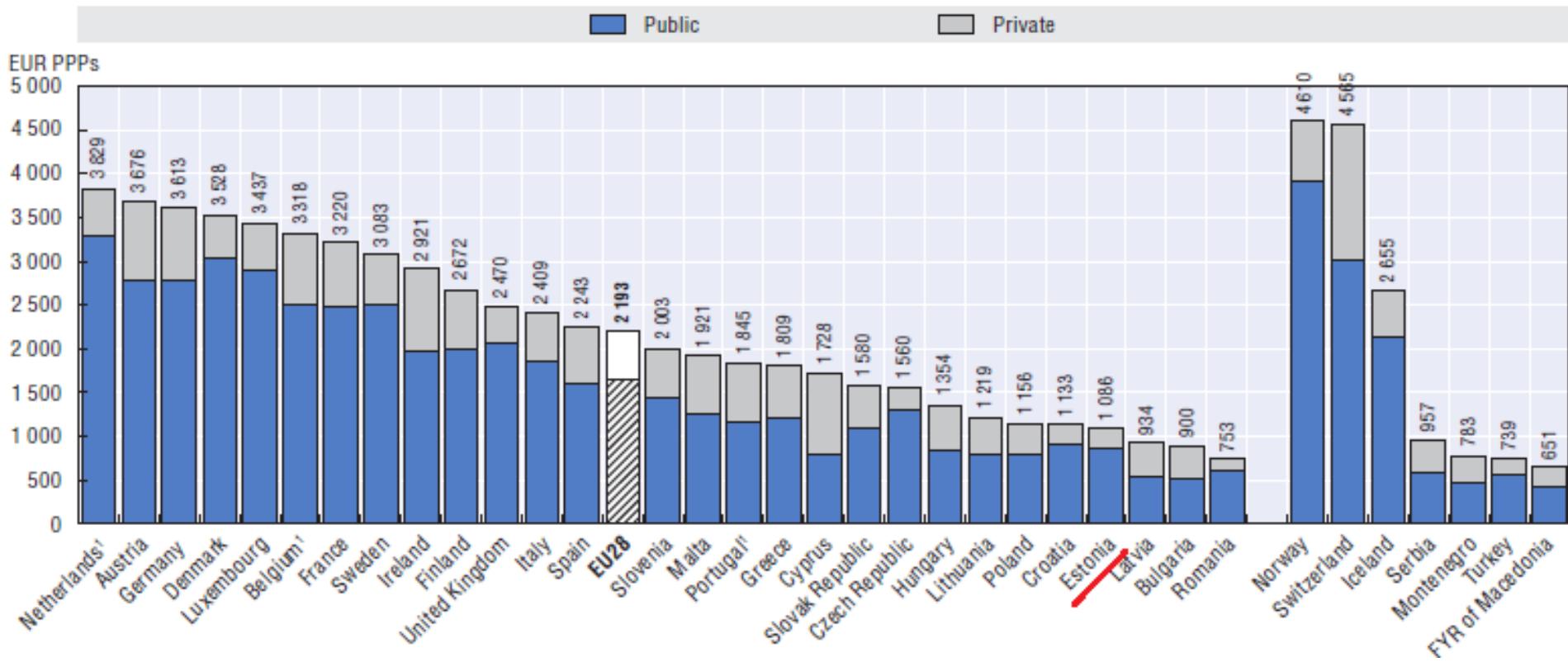
Endoproteesimise ooteaeg – näha on Eesti positiivne areng

5.5.2. Hip replacement, waiting times from specialist assessment to treatment, 2006 to 2012/13



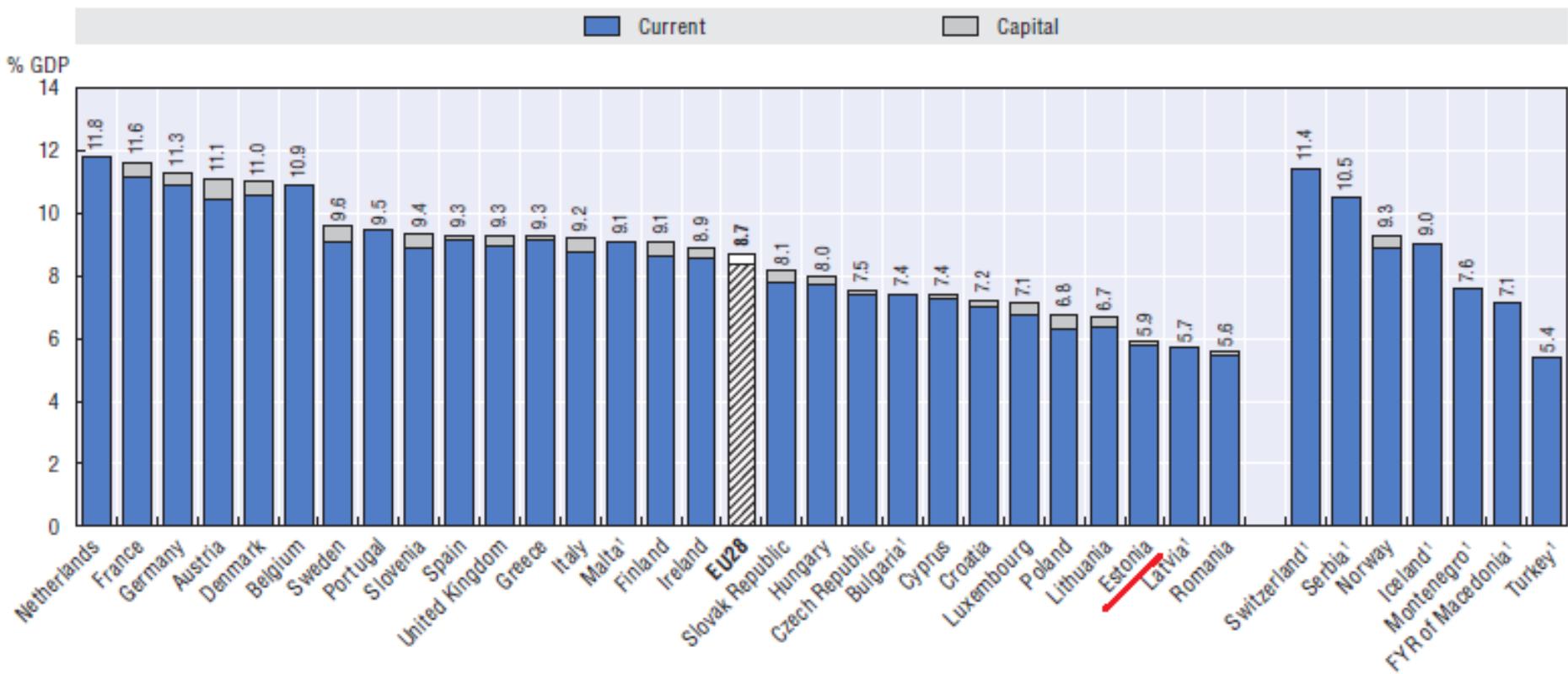
Tervishoiukuludes inimese kohta on keskmiseni arenguruumi

6.1.1. Health expenditure per capita, 2012 (or nearest year)



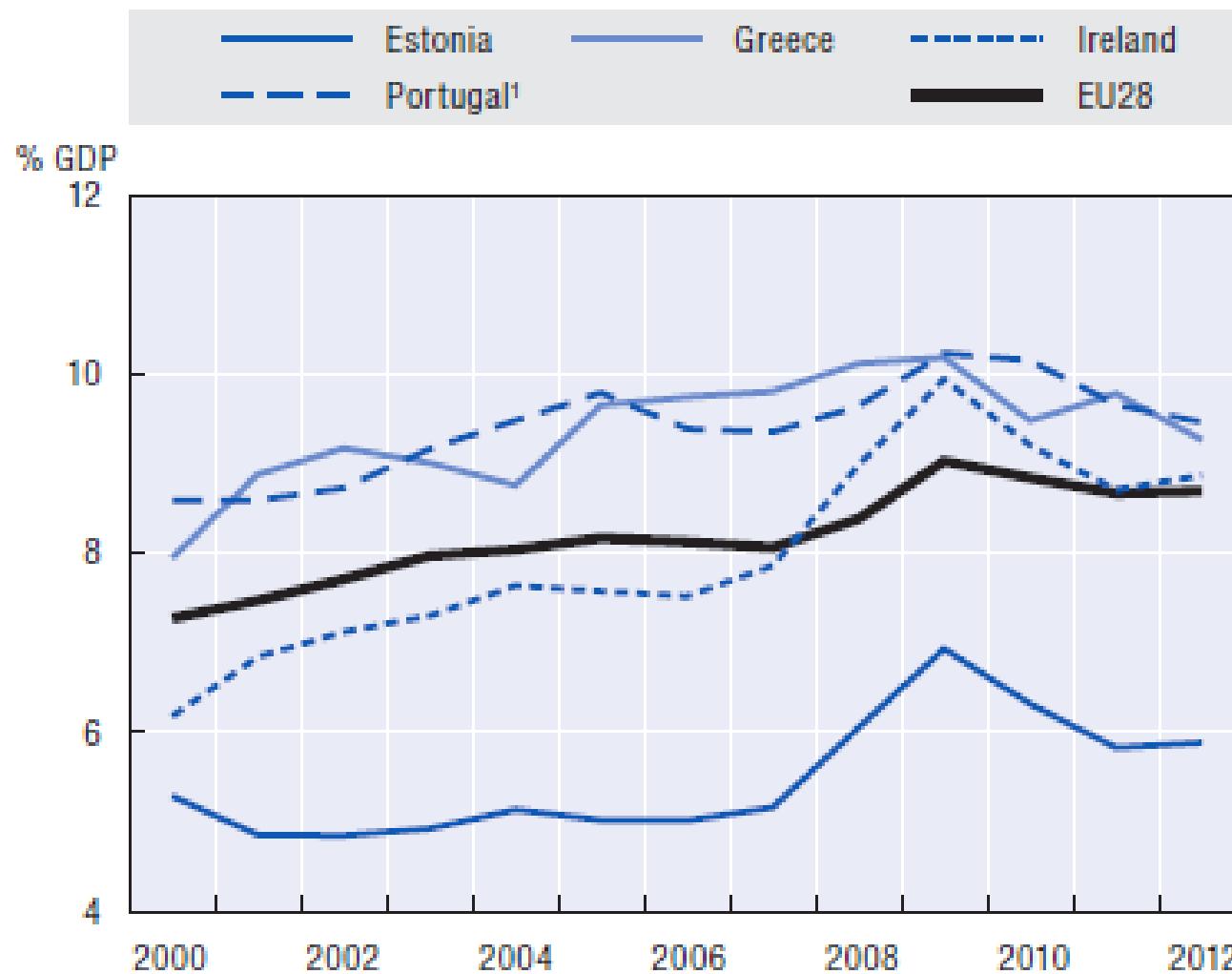
Tervishoiukulude osakaal SKP-st – Eesti on võrreldav Balti riikidega

6.2.1. Health expenditure as a share of GDP, 2012 (or nearest year)



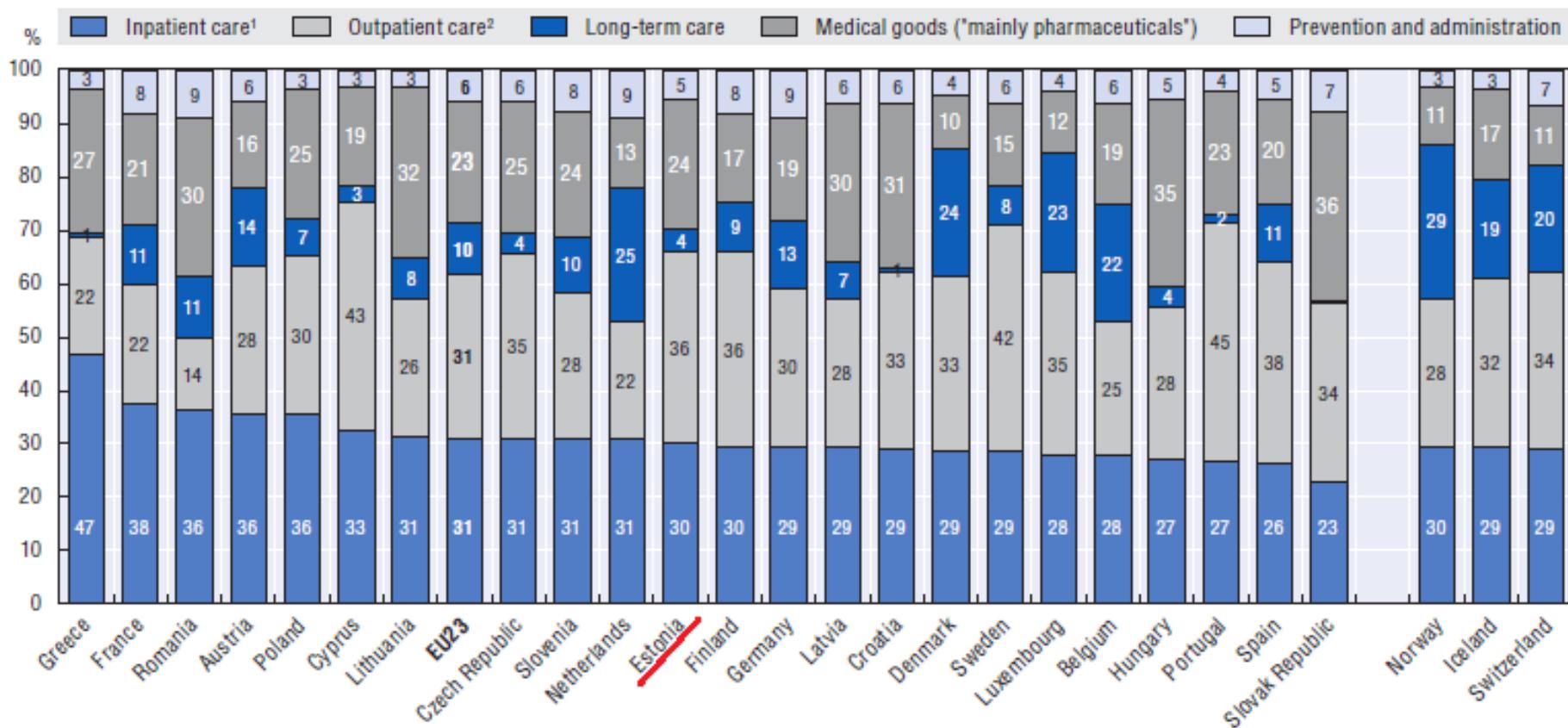
Tervishoiukulude osakaal SKP-st, trendina on Eesti nende riikide seas, kes on eraldi väljatoodud

6.2.3. Health expenditure as a share of GDP, 2000-12, selected European countries



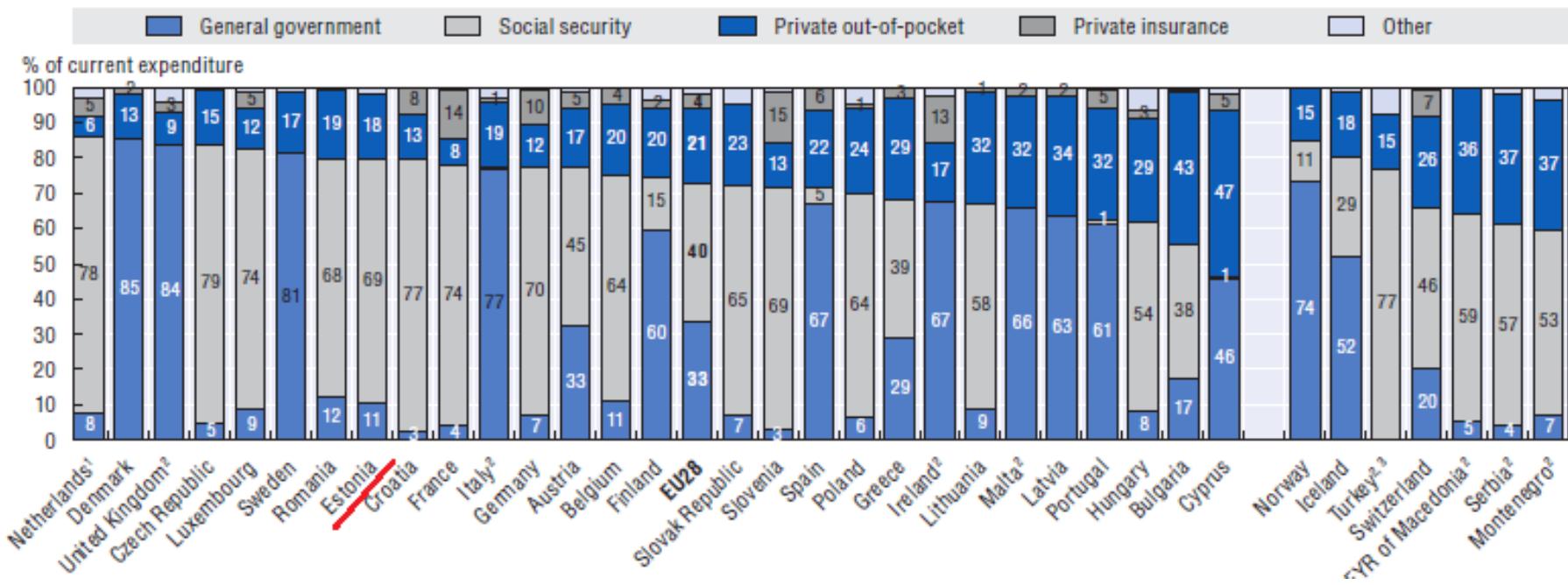
Tervishoiukulude jaotus – Eesti ei eristu oluliselt

6.3.1. Current health expenditure by function, 2012 (or nearest year)



Tervishoiukulud rahastaja alusel on riigiti väga erinevad sõltudes valitud mudelist, Eestis on keskmisest suurem osa ravikindlustusel

6.5.1. Expenditure on health by type of financing, 2012 (or nearest year)



LÜHIKOKKUVÕTE:

- Eesti elanike tervis ja tervishoiusüsteem on kiiresti arenenud
- Oleme mitmete näitajate osas märkimisväärselt edukad, eriti arvestades Eesti tervishoiukulutusi
- Arenguruumi on nii andmete kogumises ja edastamises kui ka mitmetes sisulistes tegevustes, need tuleb eesmärgistada